OXFORD Business English

English for Cabin Crew

Sue Ellis Lewis Lansford









OXFORD



The Express series

Work Skills English for ...

 Emails
 9780194579124

 Meetings
 9780194579339

 Presentations
 9780194579360

 Socializing
 9780194579391

 Telephoning
 9780194579278

 Negotiating
 9780194579506

Professions English for ...

Accounting 9780194579094
Customer Care 9780194579063
Human Resources 9780194579032
Legal Professionals 9780194579155
Marketing 9780194579186
Sales and Purchasing 9780194579308

Industries

English for ... **Aviation** 9780194579421 the Energy Industry 9780194579216 Logistics 9780194579452 the Automobile Industry 9780194579001 Telecoms & IT 9780194569606 the Pharmaceutical Industry 9780194579247 **Cabin Crew** 9780194579575 the Fashion Industry 9780194579605

English for...
Football

9780194579742

English for Cabin Crew

EXPRESS SERIES

Sue Ellis & Lewis Lansford



OXFORD

Great Clarendon Street, Oxford 0x2 6DP

Oxford University Press is a department of the University of Oxford. It furthers the University's objective of excellence in research, scholarship, and education by publishing worldwide in

Oxford New York

Auckland Cape Town Dar es Salaam Hong Kong Karachi Kuala Lumpur Madrid Melbourne Mexico City Nairobi New Delhi Shanghai Taipei Toronto

With offices in

Argentina Austria Brazil Chile Czech Republic France Greece Guatemala Hungary Italy Japan Poland Portugal Singapore South Korea Switzerland Thailand Turkey Ukraine Vietnam

OXFORD and OXFORD ENGLISH are registered trade marks of Oxford University Press in the UK and in certain other countries

© Oxford University Press 2010

The moral rights of the author have been asserted Database right Oxford University Press (maker) First published 2010 2014 10 9 8 7 6

No unauthorized photocopying

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, without the prior permission in writing of Oxford University Press, or as expressly permitted by law, or under terms agreed with the appropriate reprographics rights organization. Enquiries concerning reproduction outside the scope of the above should be sent to the ELT Rights Department, Oxford University Press, at the address above You must not circulate this book in any other binding or cover and you must impose this same condition on any acquirer

Any websites referred to in this publication are in the public domain and their addresses are provided by Oxford University Press for information only. Oxford University Press disclaims any responsibility for the content

ISBN: 978 0 19 457958 2

Printed in China

This book is printed on paper from certified and well-managed sources.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Prepared for Oxford University Press by: Starfish Design, Editorial and Project Management Ltd.

The publisher would like to thank the following for permission to reproduce photographs: Alamy pp.5 (Jack Sullivan), 50 (Oote Boe Photography); Corbis pp.36 (Ken Seet), 67 (ColorBlind Images/Blend Images); CS Photography p.34 (economy); Getty Images pp.12 (Bernard van Berg), 19 (destination board/Gregor Schuster), 19 (boy with suitcase/Laurence Mouton), 19 (sad baby/Jupiterimages), 19 (guide dogs/AFP), 20 (Digital Vision), 28 (B2M Productions), 44 (Comstock), 52 (Sam Bassett), 60 (Redchopsticks), 66 (male with bottle/Gabriela Medina), 66 (female in red/Erik Dreyer), 66 (male with beard/Digital Vision), 66 (female in white/Jupiterimages); Konstantin von Wedelstaedt pp.34 (premium economy), 34 (business class); Sarmad Al-Khozaie p.34 (first class).

Illustrations by: Peters and Zabransky Ltd., Peter Richardson.

Cover images by kind permission: Getty Images/ARIF ARIADI (flight attendant welcoming passengers), Getty Images/Digital Vision (flight attendant), Getty Images AsiaPac/China Foto Press (flight attendants walking across tarmac).

Source: p.42 Based on an article from www.2nurseweek.com.

The authors and publishers would like to thank the following flight attendants and trainers who assisted with the development of this book: Deborah Bullock, James Halliday, Dr. Young-mi Kim, Anna Ryazonova, Marijke van Hoeve, Mika Wade, and Pamela Wood.

Contents

PAGE	TITLE	TOPICS	USEFUL LANGUAGE AND SKILLS
5	Introduction to cabin crew	Career path Responsibilities People and places	Describing jobs and personal qualities Describing an airport
13	2 Pre-flight	Pre-flight briefing Introductions Aircraft features	Formal and informal greetings Asking direct questions Saying what's wrong Asking for clarification
21	3 Boarding	Greeting passengers Boarding and loading Solving seating problems	Describing types of luggage Requests and responses
29	2. Cabin services and amenities	Meal service On board sales Classes of service	Describing food and drinks Making offers Asking about preferences Apologizing
37	Health and medical issues	Health issues Remedies Attending sick passengers	Parts of the body Offering help Making suggestions Giving advice
45	Safety and emergencies	Safety equipment Emergency procedures Air rage	Explaining situations Responding to concerns Being assertive
53	Descent, landing, and layover	Preparations for landing Checking the cabin Checking into a hotel	Giving instructions Advising Explaining what's happening
61	Getting a job	Job applications The interview process Cabin crew job requirements	Talking about your experiences and interests Talking about job challenges and rewards

PAGE	APPENDIX
68	Test yourself!
70	Partner Files
75	Answer key
84	Transcripts
03	Useful phrases

About the book

English for Cabin Crew has been developed specifically for flight attendants who need to use English every day at work and for people who are training to become cabin crew. This book will show learners how to communicate clearly, directly, and with authority, but also politely, even when dealing with difficult situations.

English for Cabin Crew consists of eight units. The book is organized around the sequence of a flight, starting with an introductory unit, followed by pre-flight, welcoming passengers on board, cabin services and amenities, en route health and medical issues, safety and emergencies, and descent, landing, and layover. The final unit gives advice on applying for cabin crew positions. Units from the book work independently and can be selected according to the needs and interests of the course participants. **English for Cabin Crew** is also ideal for self-study.

Each unit begins with a **Starter**, which consists of a short exercise or quiz and serves as an introduction to the topic of the unit. Practical exercises, listening extracts, industry-specific texts, as well as photos and illustrations help you to acquire key vocabulary and expressions. Realistic role-plays give you the opportunity to put all you have learned into practice. Each unit closes with an **Output** activity, a text related to the topic of the unit followed by questions for reflection and discussion.

When you have completed the whole book you can **Test Yourself!** with the crossword on pages 68–69. In the appendix of **English for Cabin Crew** you will find the **Partner files** for the role-plays, and the **Answer key** so that you can check your own answers if you are working alone. There are also **Transcripts** of the **Listening extracts and a list of Useful phrases**.

The **MultiROM** contains all the **Listening extracts** from the book. These can be played through the audio player on your computer, or through a conventional CD-player. There is also an **A–Z wordlist** with all the key words that appear in **English for Cabin Crew**. This includes a column of phonetics and a space for you to write the translations of the words in your own language. The **Interactive exercises** let you review your learning by doing exercises that cover the essential language from the book on your computer. This will be particularly valuable if you are using the book for self-study.

Introduction to cabin crew

STARTER

Why do people become cabin crew? Make a list of the job's good points. Then make a list of the job's bad points.





1 Listen to four people talk about their jobs. Complete the information.

	Years in this job	Total years flying	They say
1	4		The best part is going on
2			I'm in charge of the whole cabin.
3			My main responsibility is
4			I report to the

2 Listen again. Match each speaker with a job on the career path.

Cabin crew career path

d ____ Cabin service director (CSD)

c ___ Purser

b ___ Senior crew member

a ___ Flight attendant

DID YOU KNOW?

Different countries, airlines, and sizes of aircraft can all have different names for cabin crew jobs.
Chief purser/Senior purser/Cabin service director/Cabin service manager/Inflight service manager/Inflight service director
Purser/Business class purser (PJ)/Economy class purser (PY)
Assistant purser
Senior crew member/Senior flight attendant
Crew member/Flight attendant

3 Match the verbs and phrases to make job responsibilities.

for take-off and landing 1 be be in charge missing or broken emergency equipment 2 b 3 secure the cabin manifest C make the money 5 report on call 6 operate the cabin service director 7 look after the for all the flight attendants g take care of the paperwork 9 account for of running the whole cabin 10 look after announcements 11 be responsible the doors 12 report to passengers' comfort

Write one sentence about each job in exercise 2. What part of each job do you think would be the most interesting, the least interesting, and the most difficult?

TALKING ABOUT JOBS

Flight attendants must look after passengers.

The job of senior crew member involves going on international flights.

The purser's responsibilities include making announcements.

The cabin service director is responsible for the whole cabin.

5 Cabin crew work closely with other aviation professionals. Match the jobs with the picture.

Fli	ght crew	
а	Captain	
b	First officer	
С	Flight engineer	
Gr	ound crew	
d	Apron/Ramp service (fuel, maintenance, etc.)	
e	Cabin service	
f	Catering	
g	Passenger service	
h	Field operation service	

		7	
G Star C	Calering 🛧	8	

BRITISH ENGLISH	AMERICAN ENGLISH	
apron	ramp	

Choose one of the aviation professionals in exercise 5. Why would a cabin crew member need to communicate with them?

How much do you know about the history of cabin crew? Guess the answers to the questions.

1	What year did the first cabin crew member fly?	

- 2 What year was the first commercial jetliner flown? 3 When did air rage start to become a problem?
- Read the text and check your answers. Then find words in the text to match meanings 1-14 below.

	HISTORY OF CABIN CREW			
1916	Aircraft Transport and Travel begins the first scheduled airline service. They fly between the UK and France. There are no cabin crew.			
1924	Imperial Airways is the first air carrier to use 'cabin boys' – the first flight attendants. They are polite, and comfort nervous passengers.			
1928	Western Airlines is the first US airline to serve food in-flight. The job becomes more complex, so flight attendants must become more organized to do it well.			
1930	25-year-old nurse, Ellen Church, becomes the first female flight attendant. Flight attendants are now expected to be prepared for medical emergencies.			
1945	The first flight attendants' union – the Airline Stewardesses Association (ALSA) – is formed. Flight attendants are now skilled and professional.			
1952	British Overseas Airways Corporation (BOAC) starts the world's first commercial jetliner service. The golden age of cabin crew begins. Their main job is passenger safety, but cabin crew – almost all young, single women – are expected to be glamorous.			
1970	The first 747 jumbo jets are flown commercially. Increasing international travel means flight attendants need to be very flexible and adaptable.			
Concorde, the first supersonic airliner, enters service. The flight from London to New takes less than three hours.				
1978	A change in the law allows low-cost budget airlines to fly. Cabin crew learn to be patient with lots of first-time flyers from the general public.			
1985	Ryanair, now one of Europe's oldest and most successful budget carriers, starts flying. Cheaper tickets mean more passengers, tighter turnarounds, and fewer passenger comforts. The ability to communicate and to be cool under pressure become more and more important.			
1990s	In Europe, budget airlines begin to grow and take passengers away from traditional national airlines. More and more people fly, air rage increases, and the job becomes more challenging.			
2001	After the events of September 11, fewer people fly. Many flight attendants lose their jobs. Cabin crew who continue working must learn to be more forceful in possibly difficult situations.			
2008	An increase in the cost of fuel drives many airlines out of business. In spite of all the difficulties, cabin crew continue to be empathetic and cheerful. It isn't always easy!			
2010	British Airways cuts long-haul cabin crew from 15 to 14. Virgin Galactic prepares to launch the first commercial space shuttle.			

1	able to changeflexible
2	positive and happy
3	not rude
4	ready
5	having special training and qualifications to do a job
6	not old; aged 18–21, for example

7	attractive and exciting
8	able to change
9	acting with strength and determination in order to succeed
10	able to understand people's feelings
11	able to plan carefully
12	having certain abilities and experience
13	able to accept annoying behaviour
1 /	not easily unset in a difficult situation

Adjectives often have related nouns. Use a dictionary to complete the table.

Adjective	Noun	
adaptable	adaptability	
forceful	forcefulness	
1	cheerfulness	
cool under pressure	2under pressure	
3	empathy	
flexible	4	
5	glamour	
organized	6	
7	patience	
polite 8		
9	preparedness	
professional	10	
11	skill	
young	12	

10 Underline the correct words to complete the text.

What makes a good flight attendant?

Airlines prefer to hire cheerful / cheerfulness1 people who also show a lot of empathetic / empathy². You no longer need young / youth³ and glamorous / glamour⁴ to get a job. However, you need to show that you want to become a skilled / skill5 and professional / professionalism⁶ worker, because you will be the 'face' of the airline.

Cabin crew must also:

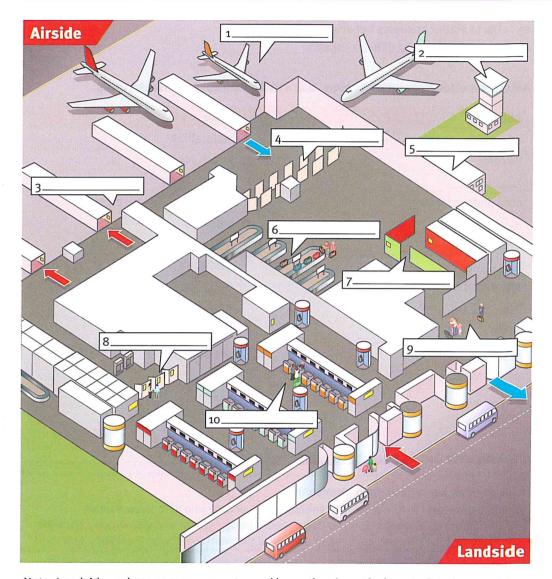
- have excellent / excellence⁷ health
- have good clear / clarity⁸ of speech
- be tall / tallness9 enough to reach emergency equipment in overhead lockers
- have good / goodness¹⁰ vision
- be good team workers

Most airlines prefer cabin crew with no visible tattoos or unusual hairstyles. Men must be clean / cleaned11-shaven and have their hair cut above the collar.

11 What qualities do you have now that will help you be a good crew member? What qualities do you need to develop?

12 Use the words in the box to label the maps.

```
arrivals hall • baggage claim • boarding gates • check-in • control tower •
crew room • customs inspection • immigration and quarantine • security check • apron
```



Note: Landside - where passengers enter and leave the airport by bus, taxi, train, car, etc. Airside – where aircraft land, take off, load, unload, etc.

13 Answer the questions.

- 1 Where does 'airside' begin when you are departing?
- 2 Where does 'landside' begin when you arrive?
- 3 Where do you sometimes have to open your luggage?
- 4 Where do agents carry out a final ticket check?
- 5 Where do the aircraft park?



14	Listen to five conversations	. Match each conversation to the	location where it is taking place.

	Conversation	Loca	tion					
	1	a a	at immigration					
	2	b (on a returning aircraft					
	3	С (on a departing aircraft					
	4	d a	at security					
	5	e i	n the crew room					
15	Listen again. Which	n conv	ersation includes:					
	a cabin cleaning s	taff?		d	a new recruit?			
	b an entire cabin o	rew?		е	catering staff?			
	c a returning pilot	?			•			
	01							
16	Pond the statement	te and	match thom with the	ioh	s in the boy. Then give the main location for			
20	Read the statements and match them with the jobs in the box. Then give the main location for each job, using the map on page 10.							
	each job, using the	map o	in page 10.					
	aprop convice staff	apron service staff • baggage handler • check-in counter agent						
				.K-11	rcounter agent			
	 field operations: 	staff	gate agent					
					I work airside. I drive a truck and refuel			
	I work landside. I ch				aircraft. I don't talk with the cabin crew, but			
	passports and ticke				I need to communicate with the pilot.			
	their boarding pass				3 job:			
	crew.	OII WILI	Title Cabili		main location:			
	1 job:							
	main location:			Lha	ave a good view of the whole field. I communicate			
					ectly with pilots, but I never talk with the cabin crew			
					ess there's a very serious emergency on board.			
	I do a final check of pa	accnor	ts and		job:			
	boarding passes airsi	-			main location:			
	passengers board. I to							
	when everyone's boa							
	passengers who chec				I work airside, putting luggage in the plane. If the cabin			
	2 job:		are missing.		crew need to 'gate check' an item, for example a push			
	main location:				chair, they give it to me and I put it in the baggage hold.			
					5 job:			
					main location:			

17 Work with a partner. Guess the person or place from the description.

1	1	_	-	-	-	No. of Lot,
	7 . U	* Ja 1	100	1	EI	
100, 50		7.71		7.1		

Partner A File 1, p. 70 Partner B File 9, p. 72

USEFUL PHRASES

Talking about people and places

This is the place where you open your luggage. This is a person who is responsible for helping the pilot.

It's used for crew meetings.

He/She's responsible for the entire aircraft. It's where you go to collect your luggage. It's who you speak to when you need information about ramp services.

OUTPUT

Read the text and answer the questions.

Anya Bukowski

I had friends from university who worked for airlines. They loved their jobs, so I wanted to work for an airline, too. I started in reservations, then moved to the airport and worked in ground operations, baggage, ticketing, check-in, and ramp. The next natural step was to fly. I was lucky enough to have an interview and get the job.

My initial training was about eight weeks. The course included service procedures for serving meals, security, emergency procedures, medical emergency procedures, CPR qualification, and domestic and international customer service procedures. The main emphasis was on emergency and aircraft evacuation procedures. To graduate, I had to evacuate a full aircraft in ninety seconds in an emergency situation!

I love to travel and see new places. I really made good use of my layover time in cities all over the world. The flexibility of the job is a great bonus. There aren't many jobs that allow you such freedom to fit your work schedule around your personal schedule. The greatest challenge is trying to live a normal life with a job and working hours



that aren't normal. The realities of a flight attendant job aren't often discussed. It's a hard, demanding job. You work long hours serving the needs of the public. You're away from home and family and friends and usually, especially as a new flight attendant, working nights, holidays, and weekends. You get tired and jet-lagged and sometimes hungry and not able to get a meal. The most important thing is to take care of yourself. Always travel with something to do - a book, knitting. Always have a snack in your bag in case you don't get a meal. If you work out, have clothes and shoes with you so you can go for a walk or use the hotel gym. Stay in touch with family and friends - hotels usually have computers and/ or wireless. Sleep when you can, even if not during your normal sleeping hours.

OVER TO YOU

- Do you know anyone who works in the airline industry? How do they feel about their job?
- What do you think of Anya's tips in the final paragraph?
- What will you take with you when you travel?

2

Pre-flight

1 How ______ you do?

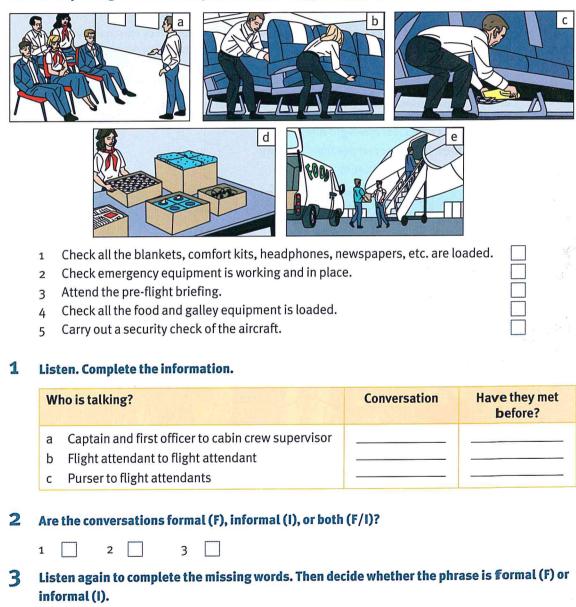
3 Please ____ me Sally.4 It's ____ to see you again.

2 Let me _____ Naomi Tanaka.

5 I'd like you to _____ an old friend of mine.

STARTER

Match the pre-flight tasks to the pictures. Then suggest the order in which they are carried out.



4	Put the words in the right order to make sentences from the conversations.
---	--

1	I'm purser the today	
2	crew economy I'm in member senior	
3	both Good meet to you	

- 5 are doing How you?

DID YOU KNOW?

Many crews regularly work with people they have never met before. They must quickly establish good team work. Briefing meetings enable crews to meet, introduce themselves, and find out information about the flight.

5 Look at the pictures. Match descriptions a-c with the pictures.

а	Purser to cab	in crew pre	-flight briefing	

b Flight crew to cabin crew pre-flight briefingc Passenger pre-flight briefing



6 Work with a partner. Take turns introducing yourself to three different people.

- 1 a new colleague
- 2 your supervisor

A: How do you do? B: How do you do?

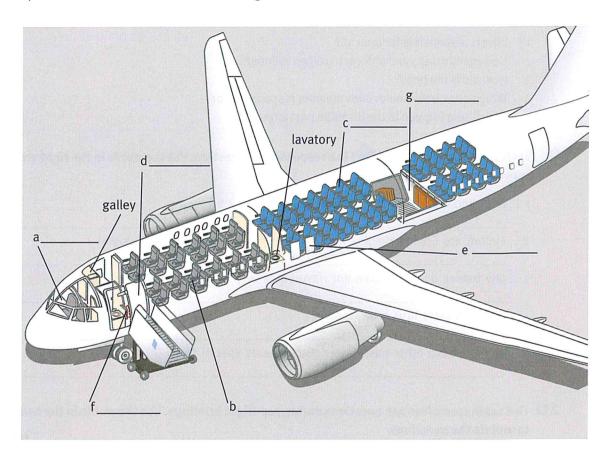
3 the captain

A: Hello, I'm Ahmed Fawaz. B: Pleased to meet you, Mr Fawaz. My name's Penny Leung. INFORMAL INTRODUCTIONS A: Hi, I'm Lena Petrov. B: Good to meet you, Lena. I'm Maria Chavez. A: Nice to meet you too, Maria.

7	Lis	sten to five peop	ple speak	ing in a pre-flight briefing. Match each conversation with a main topic.					
	Co	Conversation		Topic					
			a	a very young child on board					
	_		b	work responsibilities in economy class					
			С	a disabled passenger					
			d	safety equipment					
			е	work responsibilities in business class					
8	Lis	sten again. Ans	wer the q	uestions.					
	1	Who is respons	sible for d	oor 3L?					
	2			th each oxygen cylinder?					
	3	How old is the		,,					
	4			r crew member responsible for?					
	5			ne disabled passenger?					
	En	ah aamuarantiar	in overe	ise 7 is a response to a question. Put the words in the right order to					
9		ike the original							
	1	after and are before duties take-off What your ?							
	2	aircraft are Could cylinders how many on oxygen tell there this us you?							
	3	any babies board children got Have on or very we young ?							
	4	business class	in is Wh	o working ?					
	5	any got Have	other pas	ssengers requirements special ?					
10		The cabin crew often ask questions during pre-flight briefings. Use the words in the box to complete the questions.							
				y • much • what • when • where					
	1	How chil							
	2	How is the							
	3	will the v							
	4	will we a							
	5	Howinfo	ormation o	do we have?					
	6	time will	the passe	engers board the aircraft?					
	7	there an	y other pa	assengers with special needs?					
	8	you tell r	ne what to	o do?					
11	Wo	rk with a partn	er. Ask ar	nd answer questions about the flight.					

12 Match the words to make areas on an aircraft.

1	cargo —	a	cabin
2	emergency	b	class
3	first	С	deck
4	flight	d	exit
5	overwing	e	station
6	economy	f	hold
7	crew	g	hatch

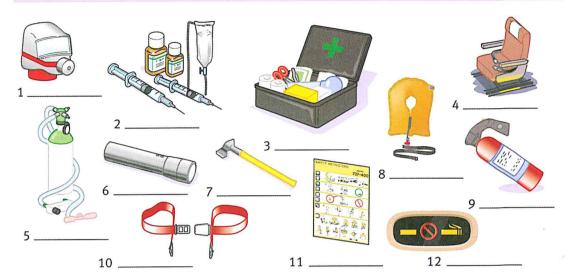


13 Now label the areas on the aircraft in the picture with the words from exercise 12.

$\textbf{14} \ \, \textbf{Complete the sentences with words from exercise 12.}$

1	Sterile rules must be observed below 10,000 feet.
2	Every availableis used in an evacuation.
3	The provides a base for cabin crew during take-off and landing.
4	All baggage is security-checked before being loaded into the
5	Passengers in pay extra for more leg room and an improved meal service.
6	The is an extra exit for use in an emergency evacuation.
7	Most passengers fly in the cabin.

crash axe • emergency lighting • first aid kit • fire extinguisher • torch • life jacket • medical kit • no smoking sign • oxygen cylinder • safety card • seat belts • smoke hood



${\bf 16} \ \ {\bf Complete} \ the \ table \ with \ the \ locations \ of \ the \ equipment \ in \ the \ picture.$



Equipment	in	on	under/below	above/over	near/close to
1 safety card	seat pocket				
2 emergency lighting					
3 life jacket					
4 oxygen cylinder					
5 no smoking sign					
6 first aid kit					
7 fire extinguisher					
8 seat belt				a a	

17 Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions about the locations of the equipment in exercises 15 and 16.

A: Where's the oxygen cylinder? B: It's in the overhead locker.

BRITISH ENGLISH	AMERICAN ENGLISH	
life jacket overhead locker torch	life vest overhead bin flashlight	



19

18 Listen to the additional information received after boarding. Mark the sentences True (\checkmark) or False (X).

Со	Conversation 1						
1	There will be turbulence an hour afte	ake-off.					
2	The meal service will finish by 09.30.						
Co	nversation 2						
3	An unattended dog has got onto the	craft.					
4	4 The dog will be put in an overhead bin.						
Co	Conversation 3						
5	The aircraft may be delayed for up to	o hours.					
6	The Captain has already got the upda	ate					
Co	nversation 4						
7	There is a large musical instrument in	ı tł	ne passenger cabin.				
8	The instrument will be in a row at the back.						
Ma	tch two halves of the the sentences.	Li	sten again if necessary.				
1	I'm sorry, but	а	about the timing.				
2	Did you say	b	but I'll find out.				
3	I didn't hear	С	catch that.				
4	I didn't	d	I don't understand.				
5	I don't know,	е	say that again, please?				
6	I'm a bit concerned	f	she'll be boarding first?				
7	Can you	g	there's a dog on board?				
8	Does that mean	h	what you said the first time.				
SA	YING WHAT'S WRONG		ASKING FOR CLARIFICATION				
ľr	n sorry, (but) I don't understand.		Could you repeat that?				
ľr	n confused.		Did you say ?				
	n concerned.		What do you mean?				
	idn't catch that.		Do you/Does that mean ?				
	idn't hear. n not sure/certain		Can you tell me/say/go through				

20 Read the situations. What would you say or what questions would you ask in each case? Then compare your ideas with a partner.

Situation 1

You are a flight attendant with an English-speaking crew flying to Istanbul. You have listened to all the details of the flight but you're still not sure about the departure time, gate number, and flying time.



Situation 2

You are a flight attendant and have responsibility for an unaccompanied minor on a flight to Athens. You must take the child to his seat and give him an individual safety briefing. You didn't hear the child's age and you don't know if he can read the safety card. You are also concerned about helping the child during the flight as you will not have time to carry out your other duties as well. You need to check the times of your other duties again.



Situation 3

You are a flight attendant greeting passengers as they board the aircraft. An English woman boards with a crying baby. The woman is talking very fast and asks you something you do not understand. She does not appear to have her boarding card so you think it may be lost. You need to check if she has her boarding card before she goes to her seat.



Situation 4

There is a blind passenger on a flight to Addis Ababa. You and another flight attendant are sharing responsibility for helping the passenger during the flight. You are confused about the times of your duties and you want the purser to explain them again.



Read the text and answer the questions.

Luc Bertrand

The airline I work for is quite big, so I almost always fly with crew members I've never met before. We introduce ourselves at the pre-flight briefing while the Purser checks our documents are up-to-date. After that, we discuss everything related to the flight. This includes flight details, aircraft configuration, where to find the emergency equipment and how to use it, our duties for the flight, and any new information which may be useful. We have to show we understand emergency procedures, such as fire-fighting, the location of the emergency exits, and how to arm or disarm the doors.

The golden rule is always 'Safety first!' so the most important pre-flight task is the security check, where we search for any dangerous or foreign objects on board. It's also the most difficult pre-flight task, as you must be very careful to check everywhere even though the time is limited. A bomb, a toxic liquid, ammunition, or a weapon can be hidden in a very small space. If I find a suspect item, I mustn't touch it. I have to inform the Purser and describe in detail



what it looks like and where it is. The Purser informs the Captain and, if necessary, Aviation Security is called out.

Sometimes we have responsibility for a passenger with special requirements. I recently had to take care of a lady who was blind. I accompanied her to the seat, helped with her luggage, and explained the location of the nearest emergency exit, the lavatory, and the passenger service unit. Later, I brought her lunch and helped with that as well. She was really nice, and appreciated my help a lot.

OVER TO YOU

- Would you enjoy working in a job where you meet new colleagues almost every day?
 Why, or why not?
- How would you feel when carrying out a security check?
- Do you have any experience in customer care?
- Would you be able to give a blind passenger all the help they need on a flight?

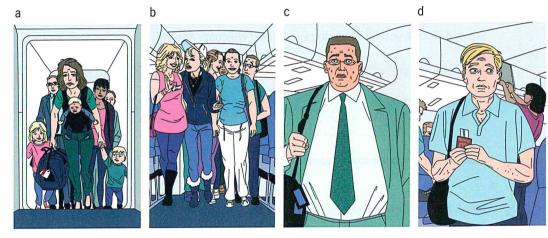
3 8

Boarding

STARTER

Read the introduction. Then match the pictures with the correct descriptions.

It is important for cabin crew to notice their first impressions of boarding passengers. They need to be aware of passengers who may have problems, or cause problems, during a flight.



- An overweight man in his fifties is very red in the face and short of breath. The weather is mild, the airport is pleasantly cool, and the passengers are entering via an enclosed jetway.
- A group of four women in their early twenties are talking and laughing loudly. One of them has started a conversation with another passenger and doesn't seem to realize that the other passenger doesn't really want to talk to her.
- A man who is probably in his late twenties appears to be very nervous and anxious. He looks tired and/or worried. He is holding his passport and boarding pass very tightly.
- 4 A mother with three children: a crying baby, a toddler, and a four-year-old, looks exhausted and stressed. She has a large bag with her.

For each passenger or group of passengers, answer questions 1–4. Then discuss your answers with a partner.

- 1 How many possible causes can you think of for each person's appearance and be haviour?
- 2 What possible issues could each passenger present?
- 3 Can you do anything to prepare for or avoid in-flight problems?
- 4 Do you think all of the passengers are fit to fly?

AL	D	10
6	V)
4	7	9

2 Use the words in the box to complete the announcement.

aisle • bags • boarding • departure • devices • door • gate • items • lockers • seat	
Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. Welcome aboard flight 204 to Auckland. We're looking forward on making this a smooth	_3
BRITISH ENGLISH AMERICAN ENGLISH	
mobile phone cell phone	
hand luggage carry-on baggage	

Listen and check your answers.

3 Read the announcement out loud. Read with a smile – it makes your voice sound nicer!

ΑU	DIC
1	~
1	1
4	_
	AU

Listen to three conversations. Find an example of each type of item and write them in the table.

Add the words to the table in exercise 4.

```
DVD player • handheld video game • laptop • mobile phone • rucksack • suit bag •
trolley bag • walking stick • wallet
```

- Work with a partner. Turn to the transcripts on page 86. Practise the conversations. Use the words in the table in exercise 4.
- How did the flight attendants describe the items? Use the words in the box to complete the descriptions.

- 1 a _____suitcase
- 2 a _____ handbag

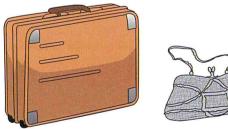
Order of adjectives

We use adjectives in a certain order when we describe things.

	Opinion	Size	Age or other quality	Shape	Colour	Origin	Material	Purpose	
a	beautiful		old				leather		suitcase
a				square				hat	box
a		small			red	Japanese			purse

Look at the pictures. Use the words in the box to describe the items.

beautiful • hat • portable • small • big • expensive • leather • fragile • old • red • new



The state of the s





suitcase

purse

box

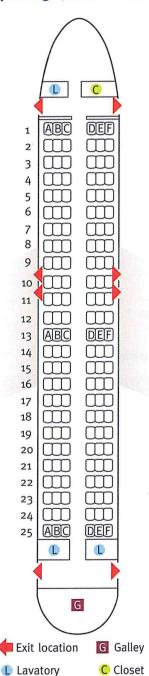
DVD player

1	
_	
2	

3

9 What special care might the following people need on a flight?

- very old people
- 2 young people travelling alone
- 3 people who are injured or ill
- 10 The flight is very full. There are six empty seats (see chart below), and six standby passengers to board. Look at the list of passenger requirements and the list of seats. If a seat is acceptable for a passenger, mark it with a tick. If not, mark it with X. How will you seat everyone?



- a Fifty-year-old company executive Arturo Chavez is returning home from a business trip. He is ill and wants to be as near as possible to the lavatory.
- b Joe and Cathy Smith, both 22, have just got married. They're on their honeymoon and want to sit together. Joe wants an aisle seat because he's a nervous flyer.
- c Veena Singh is a 95-year-old great-grandmother travelling to meet her new great-grandson for the very first time. She is very old and weak.
- d Shelagh Mulvaney is a 19-year-old student going abroad. She's never travelled by air before and she's very excited to be making her first trip. She wants a window seat.
- e Soo-Bong Park is returning from a skiing holiday. He has hurt his leg. He is using a walking stick and he needs an aisle seat.

	Arturo Chavez	Joe Smith		Shelagh Mulvaney	Soo-Bong Park
10A					
24D					
25C					
25B					
14C					
1B					

11 Use the phrases in the box to complete the requests. Then match each one with the passengers in exercise 10.

ir	the middle • near the front • r	near the lavatory	• next to my wife's •	on the aisle • together
1	Sorry, I'm not feeling well. Could	be	?	
2	I expected my seat to be	3	. We just got married!	
3	I don't want to sit	I aske	d for a window seat.	
4	My leg is injured, so it's hard for	me to sit		
5	Can I sit	of the plane?		
6	My husband and I would like to s	sit		

12 Match the requests to the correct answers.

Pa	ssenger	Fli	ght attendant
1	Are there any headphones?	а	Yes, I can help you after take-off. You'll have to leave it in the upright position now.
2	My seat back won't recline. Can you		
	make it go back?	b	Certainly, sir. Would <i>The Times</i> be OK?
3	Do you mind if I get past you?	- C	I'm afraid there are no more available.
4	I don't suppose we could take those empty seats, could we?	d	I'm sorry but they're reserved for the cabin crew.
5	I don't want this. Haven't you got any	e	No problem. Goodness – it's heavy!
	English newspapers?	f	Of course, I'll fetch one for you right away.
6	Is it OK if I use the toilet now?	g	Sure – there's plenty of room.
7	Would it be possible to have a blanket?	Ū	
8	Would you mind lifting that into the locker for me, please?	h	Sorry, but you'll have to wait until the captain turns off the seat belt sign.

13 Work with a partner. Take turns reading the requests. Try to respond to your partner's request without reading.

14. You are carrying out a cabin check before take-off. Work with a partner. Make an appropriate request to the passenger for each picture.





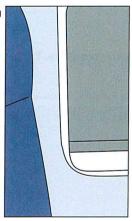
















15 Listen. Complete the requests. Were your requests from exercise 14 the same?

	1	Ito fasten your seat belt, please.
	2	Ikeeping your child's feet off the seat in front? It can be very difficult for
		other passengers.
	3	Would it for you to put that under the seat, please?
	4	Doyou could put your seat upright, please?
	5	Would putting your paper down, please? The people behind can't see the
		safety briefing. Thank you.
	6	Iyou could turn your phone off, please?
	7	Could put your tray up, please?
	8	strap him in now, please?
	9	, but could you please put your foot rest up, now?
	10	put your window shade up for take-off?
4		
16	Ma	tch each sentence in exercise 15 with a picture in exercise 14.
		6
	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	9
	5	10

17 Work with a partner. Practise making polite requests.

DANSON SUIS		Partner A	File 3, p. 70
PARTNER FILES	1	Partner B	File 11, p. 72

Asking politely		Asking politely bu	t	Asking directly or
, io.i.i g potition,		firmly		instructing
Is it OK/all right if ?		Could you?		Turn it off, please.
Would you mind helping me with	?	Can you, please?		Put it in the
Do you mind if I ?		I'd like you to		Stop
I wonder if you'd mind helping me	·?	I want you to, ple	ease.	Don't
Would it be possible to?		Please turn it off no	w.	Will you?
Could you possibly ?				Sit down!
Do you think you could ?				Please move
I don't suppose you could/would	?			
Could/Would you, please?				
Polite response	Polite re	sponse	Pol	ite response
(positive)	(not sure	e)	(ne	gative)
Yes.	I'm not s	ure. Can you wait	ľm	afraid I haven't/can't at the
Of course.	while I	find out?	n	noment.
Sure.	I'm sorry	. I don't know.	l'm	sorry, but that's not possib
Certainly.	•		ľm	sorry, I can't do that.
No problem.				

Read the text and answer the questions.

PAMELA WOODWARD

I work on a Challenger 604, which is a twelvepassenger corporate jet. As passengers board the plane, I try to concentrate on faces and names. During the flight, I like to use the passengers' names when I speak to them.

I don't often have problems with people on my flights but once, we were late arriving because of a medical emergency. During the delay, two passengers who were waiting for the turnaround flight were drinking a



lot. When we were finally ready to go again, I thought these two passengers were too drunk to fly. I refused to let them board. After we took off, the other passengers thanked me. They said the two drunks had behaved very badly at the airport.

The most common difficulty during boarding is passengers who don't consider other people when they're boarding. They stand in the aisle. I have to ask them to sit down so that we can load the plane.

Sometimes there is a delay after boarding. If this happens, the passengers ask lots of questions. We keep them informed and provide extra drinks and snacks if the delay is long. We had a bad time last winter during a blizzard. We had to wait three hours for the weather to improve, then another two hours while the wings were de-iced. After all that, we couldn't move because the wheels were frozen! We waited another two hours before the captain decided we could not fly. It was four days before we finally left!

When we're finally ready for take-off, I think about which exit to use for an emergency, bracing commands, my brace position, how to open the exit, and so on. After that, I start thinking about how much time I have to do a proper service. Every flight is different for me, because our passengers always order whatever service they want ahead of time, before the flight. It's a very personal service. So I organize everything in my head before my hands start working!

OVER TO YOU

- Would you like to work on a small corporate jet? Why/Why not?
- Do you think passengers who fly on small corporate jets are different from those on airliners? If so, how?
- Have you ever seen anyone deal with bad behaviour? What happened?

4

Cabin services and amenities

ST			

1

Answer the questions. Then interview a partner and make a note of their answers.

1	Think of a time when you were a customer in a restaurant or hotel and you received good service. What happened? Why was the service good?
2	Think of a time when you were a customer in a restaurant or hotel and you received bad service. What happened? Why was the service bad?
3	What personal qualities are needed for a customer care job? Mark the following as important (I), good but not essential (G), unimportant (U), or bad (B).
	good eye contact
-	excellent grammar
147	a friendly smile
4	a clear, confident voice
	expensive clothes and nice jewellery
	a very serious attitude about everything
	a very informal way of speaking
	comfortable but polite communication
4	Imagine you have a passenger who doesn't share a language with you or with anyone on the plane – you cannot communicate using words. How will you offer the passenger a drink? How will you explain the choice of a chicken pasta dish or baked fish?
ook aga	in at question 3. Of the qualities you marked I and G, which do you alread
	you need to work on?
Vhich do	

2 Listen again. Choose the best word or phrase to complete each sentence.

- 1 We'll shortly begin means ...
 - a we will not begin.
 - b we will soon begin.
 - c we have already begun.
- 2 Coffee, tea, and soft drinks are complimentary. This means they are ...
 - a free.
 - b optional.
 - served in first class only.
- 3 Beer, wine, and cocktails contain ...
 - a milk.
 - b alcohol.
 - soft drinks.

- 4 Exact change means that customers ...
 - pay in coins only.
 - b give just the right amount of money.
 - c can receive some money back if necessary.
- 5 Keep the aisles clear means ...
 - be patient.
 - speak carefully when you order.
 - don't block the trolley with your legs or luggage.

Read aloud the transcript of exercise 1 on page 86. Remember to smile.

Look at the table of drinks and drink-related words. Tick the correct column.

	Cold / soft drink	Hot drink	Alcohol	Way of serving
beer			/	
black (tea/coffee without milk)*				
bloody mary				
coffee				
cola				
gin and tonic				
juice (apple, orange, tomato, etc.)				
lager				
neat				
no ice		-		
on the rocks/with ice				
red wine	ar .			
rosé wine				
rum and coke				
soda water				
sparkling water				
still water				
tea (black, green, herbal, etc.)*				
whisky				
white (tea/coffee)				
white wine				
with milk and sugar				

^{*}Black has two meanings in connection with tea.

Work with a partner. Say which drinks you like and dislike.

¹⁾ Tea served black is tea without milk in it.

²⁾ Black tea is a type of dark tea leaf; compare with green tea or herbal tea.



Listen to three conversations. What does each passenger order? What do they get?

	1	2	3
Order			
What the customer received			

Listen again. Complete the phrases. Check the transcript on page 86 if necessary.

Making offers	Ordering drinks		
Would you like anything¹? Can² you a drink?³ anything from the trolley?	⁷ any green tea? Black tea, ⁸ ⁹ a lager, please.		
Asking about preferences	Other requests		
Would you4 ice? 5 leave the can with you? 6 milk or sugar?	¹⁰ a spoon, please? ¹¹ some more napkins?		

8	Work with	a partner.	Practise	offering	and	ordering	drinks.
---	-----------	------------	-----------------	----------	-----	----------	---------

AUDIO
12

9	listen	Answer	the	questions.
7	Listeii.	AllSwei	file	questions.

1	What are the meal options?	
2	Who will be served first?	

AUDIO	
(3)	

10 Listen. Mark the sentences True (\checkmark) or False (X).

1	The man ordered a vegetarian meal.	
2	The woman ordered a vegetarian meal.	
3	The passengers are angry about the confusion.	
4	In the end, everyone gets the meal they ordered.	

Work in groups of three. Try to role-play the above situation from memory.

DID YOU KNOW?		
There are many types of sp Medical diets bland (non-spicy) diabetic gluten-free low fat/cholesterol low salt high fibre low calorie non-lactose peanut free	ecial meals for passengers and cabin crew. Cultural diets Chinese, Indian, Japanese, etc. Religious diets Buddhist and Jain Halal Hindu Kosher	Other special meals children's infant and baby vegan vegetarian
They are given different foo	rive meals labelled for the pilot, the first office ods to reduce the risk that all three might beco crew are not permitted to eat shellfish, due to	me ill at the same time.



11 Listen. Complete the dinner menu.

Main course				
1	or ²			(C) (S) (S)
Side dishes		4	•	
3	and ⁴			10 23 C 10 C 1
Dessert				

12 Listen again. Complete the sentences.

1		_ little noodles.
2	lt's	a red sauce.
3	The sauce_	beef and tomatoes.
4		_ a green salad and cooked peas and carrots.
5		a bread roll with some butter.

${\bf 13} \ \ {\bf Work\ with\ a\ partner.\ Practise\ offering\ and\ describing\ food.}$

File 4, p. 70 File 12, p. 72
Fil

USEFUL PHRASES

Apologizing

Sorry, sir/madam. I don't think so.

I'm very sorry about this.

Describing food

It's little noodles.

It's served with a red sauce.

The side dishes are a green salad, and cooked peas and carrots.

The sauce is made from beef and tomatoes.

There's also a bread roll with some butter.

It's a type of fish.

It's a kind of vegetable.

It's roasted/fried/boiled/grilled.

It's cooked with (vegetables).

It's served hot/cold/raw.

It comes with rice.

AUDIO

14 On international flights, you may need to offer passengers duty-free items. Listen. Tick the price you hear for each item.

1 Phoebe	2	3	4 Doorwood	5
Rose flower perfume 49 EUR	Titanium watch 85 EUR	MP3 player cord 21 EUR	Pendant 58 EUR	Designer bag 79 EUR
☐ 69 USD ☐ 79 USD	1,100 JPY 11,000 JPY	90 PLN 19 PLN	120 SGD 20 SGD	425 AED 245 AED
EUR = euros USD = US dollars JPY = Japanese yen				
PLN = Polish zloty SGD = Singapore dollars AED = Dubai dirhams				

15 Work with a partner. Take turns offering the duty-free items above. Show them and say how much they cost.

IN-FLIGHT SHOPPING Offering Saying prices Would you/anyone like to buy any duty-free items? It's forty-nine euros (€49), so that's seventy-two US dollars (\$72). Passenger requests It's eleven thousand yen (¥11,000). Can I see the titanium watch? It comes to ninety zloty (zL90). It costs eighty-two Singapore dollars (\$\$82). Would you mind showing me the designer purse? The price is four hundred and twenty-five Could I take a look at the pendant? dirhams (Dh425). Showing Here you are, sir/madam. Talking about change I'm afraid I can only give you change in euros. Passenger questions about prices I can give you change in dollars or pounds. How much is that in US dollars? Sorry, I can't give you change. What's twenty-one euros in zloty? Can you give me change in dollars?

BRITISH ENGLISH	AMERICAN ENGLISH		
economy class	coach class		
bag	purse		

16 What do you know about classes of airline travel? Tick which classes offer which amenities. Some amenities are available in more than one class.

Am	enities	Economy class	Premium economy class	Business class	First class
1	A lot of leg room				
2	A standard seat				
3	High quality food and drink service				
4	Standard food and drink service				
5	Slightly better seats than economy				
6	A toilet shared with six other people				
7	A fully flat bed				
8	Seat-back video				
9	A dedicated lounge				
10	Priority check-in				

17 Read the flight attendant's descriptions of the airline classes and check your answers to exercise 16.



Economy class – Most people who fly travel in this class, which is also known as coach class. These are all standard seats, and the food service is standard, too. Our 747s have six lavatories for about 340 seats. That's more than fifty people per lavatory. People who sit near the front of this class often have a good view of the classes in front of them. If they can see an empty seat, they ask for an upgrade. Unfortunately, I almost always have to say no. There isn't much leg room, but the upside is that in our new planes, every seat in every class has a seat-back video screen for movies and games.

Premium economy class - This class is the first few rows of the economy class. The seats are a little bit wider and there is more leg room - but not a lot. There isn't as much leg room as in business and first class. Passengers use the economy class toilets and are served the same standard food and drink as the economy passengers.





Business class – Not everyone who flies in this class is a business person. The perks of travelling in this class begin with priority check-in, though business class passengers are not allowed to use the first-class airport lounge. In some aircraft, we combine this class with first class. The seats have plenty of leg room. They're designed to be very comfortable for sleeping. The food and drink are also very high quality. Passengers usually pay a lot of money for their seat, so they can be very demanding.

First class - Passengers in this class - which is the highest we offer - expect a very high standard of comfort and service. It begins with special priority check-in and a dedicated lounge with complimentary food and drink. We always board them first and offer them a drink immediately. The seats can be converted to comfortable, fully flat private beds. I've met a few famous people travelling in this cabin actors and singers. There are two toilets in the cabin which are used by twelve passengers.





18 Listen. Write the conversation number.

The passenger	Conversation
a makes a polite complaint.b makes a polite request.c refuses to comply with a cabin crew's request.	

2

The flight attendant	Conversation
a agrees with what the passenger says.b threatens to contact the authorities.c politely refuses a request.	

19 Match the passenger questions and statements with the cabin crew's responses.

- _ Would it be possible for me to move up to business class?
- __ Why is that?
- __ It doesn't seem fair. 3
- __ I think there's a problem with this seat back.
- 5 It's stuck.
- __ Are you talking to me?
- __ This is first class. You can't tell me what to do.

- a Yes, I am. Would you turn off your MP3 player, please?
- b Oh, dear. What's the problem?
- c I'm afraid not, sir.
- d I'm sorry, sir, but you have no choice. I'll have to ask you to turn it off now, or we'll arrange for the police to meet you off the plane.
- e Let's have a look.
- It might not seem fair to someone who's paid for a business seat for me to give you a free upgrade. We do our best to take care of everyone.
- g Because the ticket you bought is for this class, sir.

20 Work with a partner. Practise dealing with passengers.

PARTNER FILES

Partner A File 5, p.71 Partner B File 13, p.73

Passenger		Cabin crew	
		Politely denying the request and explaining why, or offering a course of action	Acknowledging a request and offering a course of action
polite	Would it be possible for me to move up to business class?	I'm afraid not. I'm not allowed to do that.	I can't promise anything, but I'll see what I can do.
	Can I change seats?	Sorry, no. We need you to stay where you are.	I can check with the chief purser.
	I need a drink of water.	I can do that just as soon as we've reached cruising altitude.	Certainly. I'll get you one in just a moment.
rude	Get me a vegetarian meal right now!	I'm sorry, madam. I'm afraid we don't have one on board. I'd be happy to try to work something out, though.	I'll see if we have an extra one.
air rage	I'm going to hurt somebody!	Sit down now, sir. I need help!/Can someone help me, please?	

OUTPUT

Read the text and answer the questions.

Mika Tanaka

I've never had a problem with air rage, but I have had some very angry passengers. People like to drink on planes and sometimes we have to stop them. That makes them unhappy. People also get angry when the in-flight entertainment doesn't work or when we don't have a duty-free item. My worst passenger was actually my fault. I spilt red wine on a man's trousers - he was very upset.



Passengers often ask for the temperature to be changed. People from different countries have different ideas about the right temperature. South American passengers always seem to want it warmer. Of course, some passenger requests are just for everyday things: a drink after the meal or help with the in-flight entertainment. That kind of stuff is easy to deal with.

The worst mix-up I ever had at meal-time was with a British passenger. He asked me for an iced vodka. Well, that's what I heard. After he spat out the drink violently, I understood that he'd actually asked for iced water. With angry passengers, I never argue but I never walk away. I always stay with the passenger and repeat in a calm voice, I see your point, I understand. This gives them a chance to express their anger. Then they always run out steam!

OVER TO YOU

Have you ever:

- seen or had to deal with an angry customer?
- had a misunderstanding about food or drink?
- remained calm when talking to a very angry person, or seen anyone do this? Say what happened in each situation.

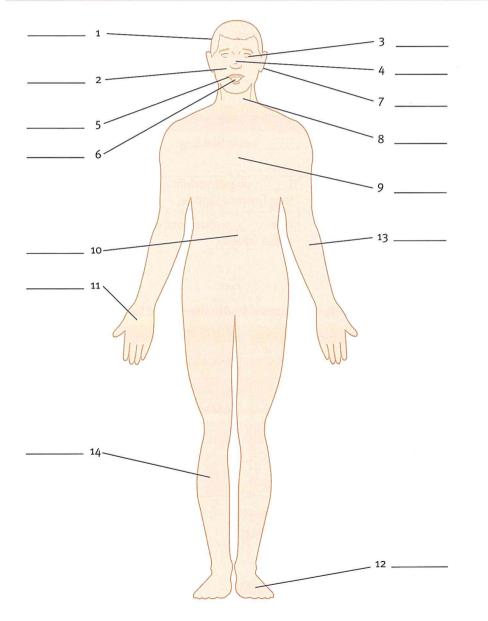


Health and medical issues

STARTER

Label the parts of the body with the words in the box.

arm • chest • ear • eye • face • foot • hand • head • leg • mouth • nose • stomach • throat • tongue



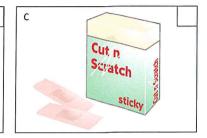
1 Listen. Match each conversation with a medical problem.

Conversation	Problem
	a a nosebleed
	b an earache
	c a cut on the head

2 Match each conversation with the items in the pictures.





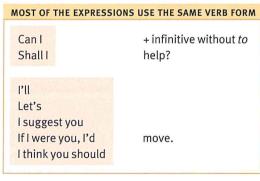


3 Complete the sentences.

Conversation	Offering help	Making a suggestion	Giving advice/an opinion
1	get a plaster for you.	move that bag.	You to put something on that cut.
2	Can I? Oh, I see the problem.	I you sit upright and lean forward slightly.	If I were you, put the sick bag on your lap.
3	I help?	How sucking one of these sweets?	I you should have one.

Listen again and check.

Look at the table. Then complete sentences 1–8 with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

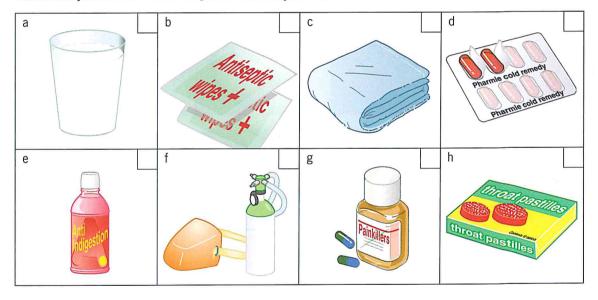


1	How about	(have) a cup of tea?
2	If I were you, I'd _	(get) some rest.
3	I'll(I	oring) you a cold drink.
4	Let's	$_{ullet}$ (move) the arm rest.
5	I think you should	(see) a doctor.
6	Shall I	(get) you a blanket?
7	You need	(sit) quietly and relax.
8	I suggest you	(put) that hag under the sea

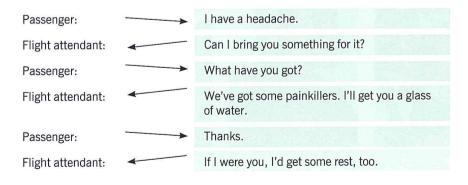
5 Use the words in the box to complete the passenger health problems.

can't breathe • hurts • cut • feel • feels • can't stop • looks • think 3 I feel really cold. 2 I ____ a bit dizzy. 1 My head really ____ I____shivering. I think I'm going to faint. 4 She's got a bad cold. 6 I've _____ my leg. 5 My chest feels really Her face _____ really pale. It's bleeding. tight. I _____ properly. 8 I've got a stomach ache. 7 She's got a sore throat and I_____it's indigestion. ____ really hot and feverish.

6 Match the problems in exercise 5 with a remedy below.



Work with a partner to practise responding to the passenger problems in exercise 5. Take turns being the passenger and the flight attendant.



8 If you attend to a sick passenger you may need to pass information to a colleague or a doctor. Match descriptions 1–10 with the pictures.

1		He may be having a heart attack.
2		She's fainted.
3		He's having stomach pains.
4	·	She may be going into labour.
5		He's got asthma.
6		She's having a seizure.
7		He's hit his head.
8	-	She's cut her hand.
9		He's behaving very aggressively.



9	Wo	ork i	n gro	oups of three. Practise exchanging information about medical situations.
	Student A:		nt A:	You are a flight attendant. Choose one of the pictures on page 40. Describe the passenger's condition to Student B (another flight attendant).
	Stu	ıder	nt B:	You are a flight attendant. Listen to Student A's description of a passenger. Pass the information to Student C (your on-board supervisor).
	Stu	ıder	nt C:	You are a senior flight attendant. Listen to Student B's description. Match it with one of the pictures on page 40.
	Sw	ар г	oles	and practise again.
10	Lis	ten.	. Mai	ch each conversation with a picture on page 40.
	1			
	2			
	3			
	4			<u> </u>
11	lis	ten	agai	n. Tick the sentences you hear.
test test				
	1	a		re trained for this situation.
		b		ll train for this situation.
	2	a L		ere's pain?
	_	b		ere's the pain? 't try to get up.
	3	a b		't you get up.
	4	a		lped you.
	4	b		here to help you.
4.0				
12				list of five basic steps for dealing with a problem. Match sentences a-e with a step on
	the	list	i.	
	Wh	en y	ou di	scover a problem, tell a colleague.
	Ma	ke c	onta	ct with the passenger.
	Fine	d ou	t the	problem.
	Dec	cide	what	action to take and tell the passenger.
	Pla	n ah	ead.	5
	a			Where's the pain?
	b			Sir, could I ask you to move?
	С			I'm Kate. What's your name?

13 Have you ever seen or been involved in an emergency situation? What happened? Did you/your colleagues follow the five basic steps?

d ______ I'll go and help.

e _____ We'll get it for you right away.

14 Read the text. For statements 1-8, mark the sentences True (✓) or False (X).

1	The incident happened twenty minutes before landing.	
2	One of the passengers offered to help.	
3	The purser found a doctor on board the aircraft.	
4	The pilot said an emergency landing could be dangerous.	
5	The nitroglycerine tablet made the man feel better.	
6	The plane made an emergency landing.	
7	The passenger's life was saved.	
8	All of the passengers were helpful.	

wenty minutes after take-off, one of the passengers, a man in his sixties, complained of chest pains. He was short of breath, his face was pale, and his pulse was weak. It was serious. We gave him oxygen while the Captain asked if there was a doctor or nurse on board.

A nurse offered to help. The man was clearly distressed but she was very calm, asking: 'Has this happened before? Are you taking any medicine? Do you have any allergies?' The nurse took his blood pressure. It was very low. She knew our medical kit could help this man, but she needed instructions from a doctor. The purser suggested the pilot contact a doctor on the ground.

The passenger was getting weaker. His blood pressure was unstable and the nurse explained that we may need to land very quickly. Again, we informed the pilot. He was concerned about an emergency landing. Landing with full fuel tanks could cause an explosion and risk the lives of everyone on board. He wanted to know if it was absolutely necessary. The nurse explained it would be necessary if the passenger did not

stabilise quickly. It was very tense. She gave the passenger a nitroglycerine tablet under his tongue. It didn't help. Five minutes later she gave him another. He was getting worse.

Then the pilot managed to contact a doctor. After that everything happened really quickly. The doctor assessed the situation and immediately advised the nurse to give intravenous fluids from our medical kit. That helped a lot and the passenger quickly improved. In a few minutes his blood pressure and heart rate were almost normal but the doctor still requested an emergency landing. We landed a few minutes later but the pilot had time to dump the fuel so we could land safely. As soon as we landed, paramedics boarded the plane and took over the situation. The passenger made a full recovery.

We were lucky to have a competent nurse on board. She was talking to, and reassuring, the passenger all the time. Not all the passengers were so helpful though. Some wouldn't move when asked and one even accused the nurse of causing harm to the passenger. Another person tried to stop the nurse giving the fluids!

15 Underline the sentences in the text on page 42 which describe the pictures.









16 Find words or phrases in the text on page 42 for the meanings.

1	 finding it difficult to breathe
2	the regular beat of blood as it travels around the body
3	 in pain or difficulty
4	 reactions or sensitivity to foods or other substances
5	the pressure of blood as it travels round the body
6	not very regular; likely to change suddenly
7	become more regular
8	going into a vein in the body
9	the number of beats of blood per minute
10	injury

17 Work in groups of three. Practise offering help and advice.

Student A: You are a passenger with a health problem. Say what's wrong, and panic. Student B: You are a nurse on board. Try to calm the passenger. Offer help and advice. Student C: You are a flight attendant. Offer help and advice. Pass messages to/from the pilot.

18 Work with a partner. Practise dealing with other medical incidents on board.



Read the text and answer the questions.

Milana Ryazanova



My first-aid training was really important. I learned a lot and it gave me the confidence to deal with medical incidents. Even for simple things we must check all signs and symptoms very carefully so we give the correct treatment. We also check the passenger's background to find out if they've had the symptoms before, or are taking any medication. If an incident is serious, we may have to translate or explain it to the Captain or a doctor on the ground, so it's really important that we get it right.

There are often passengers on board who don't feel well. Recently, one passenger had flu – he felt very unwell and was very pale. He had a sore throat and a high temperature. I gave him hot tea with lemon, a cold remedy tablet and

a blanket. He was able to get some rest on the flight and felt a little better after that!

Sometimes passengers who feel ill already know what the problem is and may have medication with them which they need to take. That happened to me on a long haul flight. I was clearing the lunch trays when I found a passenger who was clearly very ill. I asked him what was wrong but although he was conscious, he couldn't speak. His face was very red and I could smell alcohol. At first, I thought he was just drunk. Other passengers were worried, so I gave him a glass of water while a colleague brought the first-aid kit and an oxygen cylinder. We made him comfortable and he began to feel better. Then he told us he had chest pains. He had a heart condition and needed his tablets from the overhead locker. He wasn't supposed to drink alcohol with the tablets so we watched him very carefully for the rest of the flight!

At other times, people are simply afraid of flying. They panic, and that makes them feel unwell. We try to calm and reassure them, perhaps offering a warm drink. A simple distraction like this is sometimes enough to help them feel a bit better.

OVER TO YOU

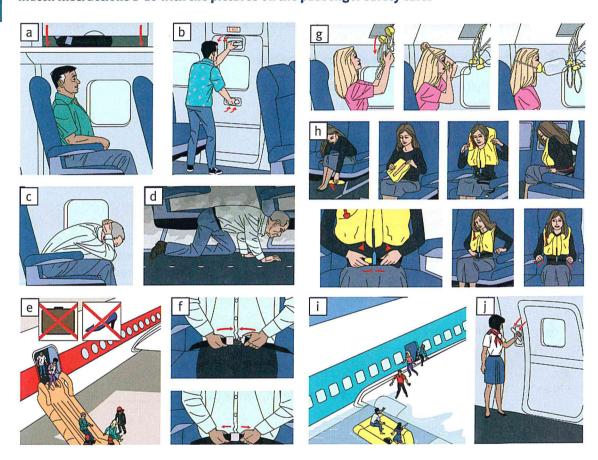
- Have you ever done any first-aid training?
 If so, have you ever used it to help anyone?
- Why do you think it is important to check a passenger's background if they are unwell?
- How would you try to help passengers who are afraid of flying?



Safety and emergencies

STARTER

Match instructions 1-10 with the pictures on the passenger safety card.

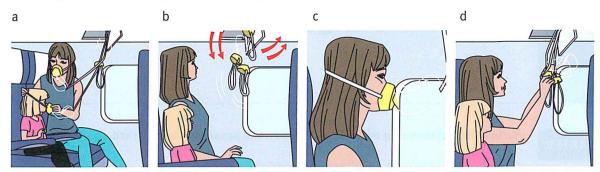


- Close overhead lockers and stow bags under seats.
- Disarm the door.
- Fasten your seat belts.
- Get down low and follow the floor lighting.
- Jump onto the slide feet first.
- Open the emergency exit next to your seat.
- Put on your own oxygen mask first.
- Take up the brace position.
- Use the overwing emergency exits over water.
- Your life jacket is under your seat.



Listen to the flight attendant's announcement. Which pictures from the safety card apply to this situation?

2 Listen again. Number the pictures in the right order.



3 Match each action with the pictures in exercise 2.

- 1 ___ Pull a mask towards your face.
- 2 ____ Place the mask over your nose and mouth.
- 3 ____ Remember to secure your own mask before helping others.
- 4 ___ The oxygen masks will drop down.

4. Now match the actions in exercise 3 with a link word and an explanation below.

	Link word	Explanation
Pull a mask towards your face	due to/because of so because in order to	a a drop in cabin pressure.b keep the mask in place.c you must remain conscious and alert.d you can breathe the oxygen.

AUDIO

5 Listen to the pilot's announcement. Use the words in the box to complete the sentences.

a	rter • before • once • until • when • while
1	your oxygen masks drop down, please use them we descend to a
	lower altitude.
2	Keep your masks on we tell you to take them off.
3	we get down to 10,000 feet, we'll make another announcement.
4	Please feel free to ask the cabin crew if you need any assistance we get to Minsk.
5	landing, we will make alternative arrangements for you.

6 Underline the correct alternative.

- 1 The Captain is concerned about the loss of pressure / rapid descent.
- 2 The aircraft is descending slowly / quickly in order to reach a safe altitude.
- The aircraft is descending to above / below 10,000 feet because passengers can breat he without extra oxygen at that altitude.
- 4 The Captain is explaining the process so this is probably a controlled / an emergency descent.



Even in a controlled descent, passengers will usually be concerned. Match the concerns in A with the responses in B.

A Passenger concerns	B Cabin crew responses		
 Are we going to crash? I feel fine. Why do I need oxygen? What's happening? When can we have something to eat? Why are we diverting? I'm really scared. Why aren't we going on to Almaty? Why do we need to land? 	 a We're descending to a lower altitude. b There's nothing to worry about. Everything's fine. c Because the air pressure in the cabin is too low. d So we can land quickly. e Because it's too far away. f After we arrive in Minsk. g In order to fix the problem. h Of course not. We'll be on the ground before you know it. 		

Listen and check.

Look again at the cabin crew responses in B above. Answer the questions.

- 1 Which words are used to reassure passengers?
- Which words signal that a reason is being given?
- Which phrases give the passengers information?

Work with a partner and take turns.

Student A: Give the information or instructions below and reassure passengers. Student B: Respond to the information.

- Keep seat belts fastened.
- Observe the 'No Smoking' signs.
- 3 Keep all electrical equipment switched off.
- 4 Remove oxygen masks.
- Return seats to upright position.
- 6 Remain seated.
 - A: You can take your oxygen mask off now.
 - B: Are you sure it's safe?
 - A: Yes. You can breathe normally once we get below 10,000 feet. You're quite safe now.

GIVING INFORMATION / ADVICE	GIVING A REASON	REASSURING THE PASSE NGER
Pull the mask towards your face We're diverting to City airport We'll contact Air Traffic Control	because the air pressure is too low. because of a drop in pressure. so we can land. (in order) to fix the problem. due to a loss of pressure.	There's (really) nothing to worry/be concerned about. (I can assure you) it's normal/fine/OK. It's/You're perfectly/quite/completely safe. It's all under control. You can breathe normally.

10 Read the text and answer the questions.

A rapid decompression is much more serious than a gradual decompression and the effects will appear extremely quickly. There will be no time to ask and answer questions.

During a rapid decompression ...

- there will be a loud noise and a sudden fogging or misting of the cabin. These are caused by the sudden change in pressure. There will also be a rapid temperature drop.
- oxygen levels will fall very quickly and cause hypoxia a condition where the human body isn't getting enough oxygen.
- lack of oxygen quickly leads to dizziness, nausea, loss of judgement, and problems with vision.
- you may have less than one minute to put on your oxygen mask before you lose consciousness.
- physical activity becomes difficult and dangerous because oxygen levels are low.
- 6 the temperature will fall rapidly.
- exposure to extremely low temperatures causes hypothermia, a condition where body temperature becomes dangerously low.
- sudden pressure changes may cause pain from trapped gas in the body.
- any unsecured objects or persons may move around the cabin or be sucked out of the aircraft.
- 1 What causes a loud noise when there is a rapid decompression?
- 2 What is hypoxia?
- What will happen to you if you don't put on your oxygen mask? 3
- 4 Why does physical activity become difficult after a rapid decompression?

11 Put the words in the box in the correct column in the table.

dizziness • fog and mist • hypothermia • loss of judgement • nausea • objects moving around the cabin • pain from trapped gases • vision problems

Rapid decompression problems caused by				
very low temperatures lack of oxygen sudden pressure cha				



12 In emergency situations, the crew have to issue direct orders. Listen and underline the main stress on each order.

Keep your mask on! 1

6 Sit down!

2 Stay calm!

7 Breathe normally.

Stay in your seat! 3

- 8 Put your own mask on first.
- 4 Keep your seat belt fastened!
- 9 Hold on!
- Don't unfasten your seat belt!
- 10 Don't get up.
- f 13 Work with a partner. Take turns reading the orders aloud and saying the main stress.

14 Answer the questions.

What is turbulence?

12 Walking is difficult.

- How can it cause injury?
- What should passengers and flight attendants do to prevent injuries from turbulence?

15		ad the descriptions of what happens during turbulence. Then tic ere (S) for each description.	k light (L),	, medium	(M), or
			L	M	S
	1	Drinks shake inside cups.			
	2	Drinks splash out of cups.			
	3	Trolleys are difficult to manoeuvre.			
	4	Unsecured objects fall over or lift off the floor.			
	5	Passengers may feel slight straining against seat belts.			
	6	Service and walking are impossible.			
	7	Passengers feel strain against seat belts.			
	8	Standing is difficult without bracing.			
	9	Passengers are forced violently against seat belts.			
	10	Trolleys are easy to manoeuvre.			
	11	Unsecured objects are thrown about.			

16 Read the blog. Number the paragraphs in the correct order.

A	MADNING	for anyone	who doe	en't take	turbulo	nce seriously
A	VVAKIVING	ror anvone	wno aot	esn i lake	tal.naici	iice serivusiv

a We all left the floor and hit the walls and
ceiling. It was really scary. Thank goodness all
the boxes and trolleys were secured as it could
have been a lot worse. I broke my foot in three
places and another crew member hurt her ankle
very badly.

I haven't returned to work because of my foot. I'm now enjoying a quiet summer - I just wish the weather was better! Like many others I never took turbulence seriously ... but I will from now on. My advice is stay safe and strap in whenever you can!

Then, about thirty seconds after the seatbelt sign was switched on, we dropped 500

feet - twice. Luckily, all the passengers were strapped in but none of the crew was. I was in the aft galley of a B767 with six other crew members.

d ___ Once the aircraft was stable again everyone was shocked at how bad the turbulence was and at how quickly it had happened. There was absolutely no warning.

We were inbound from Alicante and two hours from Wessex airport when the Captain switched the seatbelt sign on. It wasn't at all rough at the time but there was a thunderstorm ahead and the Captain was being careful. There was no turbulence warning.

17 Mark the sentences True (\checkmark) or False (x).

1	This was a case of light turbulence.	
2	The aircraft dropped about 1,000 feet very quickly.	
3	The captain hadn't turned on the seatbelt sign.	
4	Several passengers were injured.	
5	There was no warning of turbulence ahead.	



18 Use the words in the box to complete the conversation.

	allow • drops •	fall • return • sit down • strap in • switched • work
	Flight attendant: Passenger: Flight attendant:	Sir, the Captain has¹ on the seat belt sign. Could you go back to your seat, please? Yeah, I know. I'm fine. Sir, you must² to your seat now. We're expecting turbulence.
	Passenger: Flight attendant:	Don't worry. It'll be fine. Sir, I'm sorry but I cannot3 you to stand. It could get really rough. Everyone must return to their seats and4.
	Passenger:	Look. I'm fine. I 5 on ships at sea – in really big waves you know? Don't worry, I won't 6 over.
	Flight attendant:	Sir, I doubt if your ship7 hundreds of feet without any warning. Now,8!
	Listen and check.	
19	Listen again. Tick h	now the flight attendant uses her voice to be assertive.
	She shout She talks She talks	quickly. 5 She talks clearly.
20	Number the senten	ces in the conversation in the correct order.
	Flight attendant	
	must be strapped in, too. u. ne madam, but the Captain's switched the 'fasten seat belt' sign on. we're expecting severe turbulence very soon. Strap him in now! s own safety. madam, he's not secure. You must use the extension belt. me help you.	
	Passenger	
	f I can hold g All right, a h Oh, for go	him on my lap. all right. I am. Look. podness sake! He'll scream the place down, you know. ow. I'm strapped in.
13		

Listen and check. Then work with a partner. Practise reading the conversation with the correct tone.

DID YOU KNOW?

Flight attendants must always be polite to passengers but they must also ensure that all passengers comply with airline regulations. This may lead to some difficult exchanges.



21 Listen. Underline the correct alternative.

- 1 The passenger is using his laptop / radio.
- 2 The passenger is cooperative / uncooperative.
- 3 The flight attendant's language becomes more / less assertive.
- The captain / purser will look after the device for the rest of the flight.

22 During the exchange the flight attendant uses four tactics. Put them in the order she uses them.

a	 gives advice
b	 explains the regulations
С	 asks the passenger to cooperate
d	 gives a warning

Listen again and check.

23 Match sentences 1–4 with the four tactics in exercise 22.

1	 If you do not cooperate, this will be a matter for the authorities.
2	 Please make sure it stays off for the rest of the flight.
3	 I suggest you put the headphones down and pass me the microphone.
4	 You can't use this equipment on board the aircraft.

24 Work with a partner. Practise dealing with difficult situations.

PARTNER FILES	Partner A Partner B	File 7, p. 71 File 15, p. 7
Visiting and the second	raither b	1 11c 23, p. /

USEFUL PHRASES

Asking for cooperation

Could you ...?

Can you switch it off, please? Please put/pass/give me the ...

Please make sure ...

Advice

I (strongly) advise you to ...

I suggest you ...

Explaining rules and regulations

That's/It's not allowed. It can't be used ... You can't use ...

You must switch it off/stop using ...

Warning

If you do not cooperate, this will ... Sir, this incident has been reported to ...

OUTPUT

Read the text and answer the questions.



We had a difficult situation when there was an oven fire. It happened really quickly. There were two of us in the galley when we suddenly realised there was smoke coming from one of the ovens. Our training kicked in and we reacted immediately. My colleague switched everything off and I grabbed the halon fire extinguisher. I opened the oven door very slightly, and carefully emptied the whole cylinder into the oven. The fire went out, just like it did during training.

However, passengers seated near the galley started to panic and were shouting 'Fire!' That made other passengers panic and it was quite difficult to keep control. At times like this you have to be guite forceful. You have to be very confident and give instructions

in a clear and positive manner. At the same time, you must be polite and stay calm. Fortunately, the purser and other colleagues helped. They calmed the passengers and explained that the fire was out.

When all the passengers were back in their seats, the crew distracted them by offering free drinks, more newspapers, and any other items which passengers asked for. Some passengers were still worried because they could smell the smoke but everything was calm again.

Finally, the purser thanked us for acting so promptly and for following the fire fighting procedures so well. A disaster had been averted!

OVER TO YOU

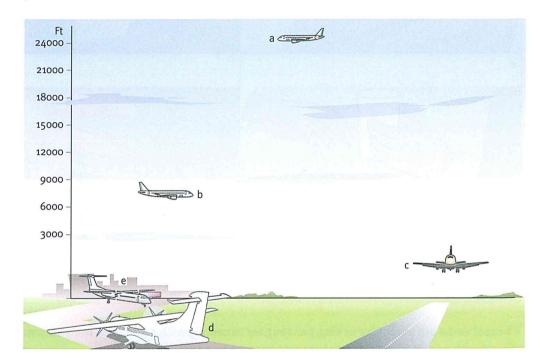
- Do you think you could you stay calm and issue clear instructions in a difficult or dangerous situation?
- Have you ever had to deal with an emergency situation at work?
- Can you think of other diversion tactics which may help to calm passengers in a situation like this?

Descent, landing, and layover

STARTER

Match the descriptions of each stage to the diagram.

1	arrival at the stand	4	preparing for descent and arrival
2	descent	5	landing
3	taxi in		



1	ı	J	D	1
ı	6	J	7	1
١	4	t	3	y
		,	6	

1 Listen to five announcements. Match each one to the correct description in Starter.

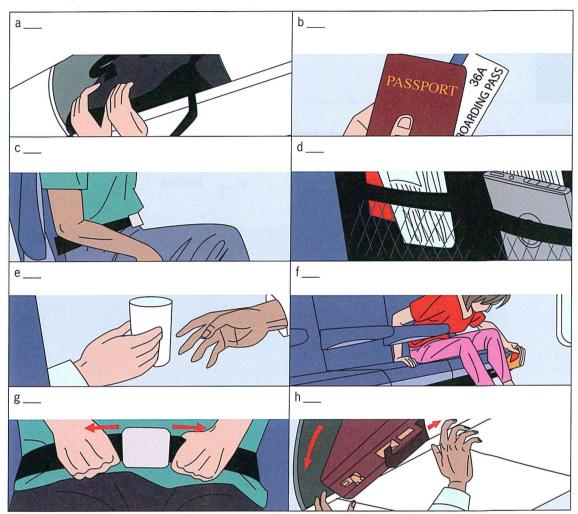
a___ b___ c___ d___ e___

2 Listen again. Complete the phrases for giving passengers instructions.

Please ...

your completed documents and passport available.
any bags or other items in the overhead lockers.
your seat area.
your seat belt is fastened.
any remaining cups or glasses to us.
seated with your seat belt fastened.
when opening the overhead lockers.
that you take all your belongings with you.

Match the phrases in exercise 2 with the pictures.



Phrasal verbs are useful for asking passengers to comply with cabin crew instructions. Look at the situations and use the words in brackets to make polite requests.

- immigration form not filled in (fill in) Please fill the immigration form in.
- 4 seat back reclined (put up)

tray table down (put up)

baggage in aisle (put away)

infant not secure (strap in)

6 laptop computer turned on (switch off)

PHRASAL VERBS

All of the phrasal verbs above are separable. This means the two parts of the verb can be used in two different ways:

Please fill in the immigration form.

Please fill the immigration form in.

Some phrasal verbs are *inseparable*:

I'm looking after the passengers in main cabin.

NOT I'm looking the passengers in main cabin after.



Listen to six announcements. Match each one with a situation.

Announcement	Sit	tuation
1	а	paramedics meeting flight
2	b	refuelling stop
3	С	delay
4	d	gate unavailable
5	е	holding
6	f	required spraying of insecticide

Match words from the announcements with the correct meaning.

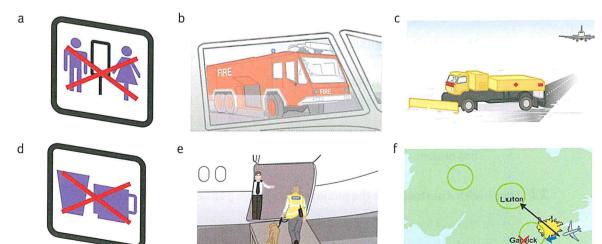
1	onward flight	a	a person who has had special training in caring for sick or injured people
2	landing clearance	b	the latest information
3	paramedic	С	permission given by air traffic control for an aircraft to land
4	insecticide	d	wind that is blowing against the direction an aircraft is travelling
5	headwinds	e	a substance that is used for killing insects
6	update	f	another flight you take to continue your journey

Use the correct form of the verbs in the box to complete the phrases.

arrive • board • delay • inform • let • receive • spray • stop • tell • update

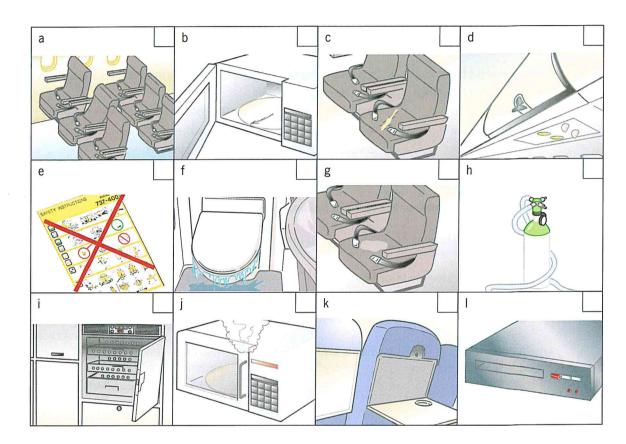
Keeping passengers informed	Explaining what will happen		
 We will keep you of any changes. We will you know when you can get up. We will you when it is safe. We will keep you every five minutes. 	 5 We will be in Sofia shortly. 6 We will be the cabin with insecticide. 7 We will our landing clearance in approximately ten minutes. 8 Paramedics will the aircraft. 9 We will be to refuel in Kuala Lumpur. 10 We will be for fifteen minutes. 		

Make a passenger announcement for each situation in the pictures.



Match the problems with the pictures.

- 1 We can't use the microwave tray.
- 2 The toilet won't flush properly.
- 3 The oven door won't shut properly.
- 4 DVD player number 3 isn't working.
- 5 That overhead locker won't close.
- 6 The seat back in A5 won't move.
- 7 The tray table won't stay up.
- 8 We can't use seat 29D. It's wet.
- 9 The microwave has broken.
- 10 The mask is missing from the oxygen cylinder.
- 11 No one can sit in seat 25B. It's damaged.
- 12 There are no safety cards on row 11.



10 Now match the explanations with the problems in exercise 9.

- a ____ There aren't enough spares.
- b ___ The catch is bent.
- c ____ We can't cook the lunch.
- d ____ It's cracked and may break.
- e ___ We can't find it.
- f ____ It keeps falling down. The catch has broken.
- g___ I think it's blocked.
- h ____ The play button is jammed.
- i ___ The seat cover is badly torn.
- j____ It's stuck in the recline position.
- k ___ Someone has spilt a drink and it's soaked.
- I ____ There's something wrong with the hinge.

11 Work with a partner. Use the pictures in exercise 9 to explain the problems.

- A: We can't use the microwave tray.
- B: Why? What's wrong?
- A: It's cracked and may break.

12 Complete the cabin crew log with the words in the box.

broken off • clogged • cracked • enough • missing • ripped • stuck • twisted • wedged wetworkingwrong

Der	Departure airport: Tumbiki Flight no: BA 279			
Destination: Lahore				Date: 26 April
	Date	Flight	Location	Problem
1	25 Apr	BA 278	Forward galley	Microwave - glass tray
2	26 Apr	BA 279	Forward WC	Not flushing. Probably
3	26 Apr	BA 279	Aft galley	Oven door doesn't close properly. Somethingwith hinge.
4	26 Apr	BA 279	Aft o/h locker	DVD player number 3 not working. Play button
5	26 Apr	BA 279	Row 17	O/h locker won't shut. Catch looks
6	26 Apr	BA 279	Seat 5A	Seat back back. Won't go upright.
7	26 Apr	BA 279	Seat 33F	Tray table Keeps falling down. Piece catch.
8	26 Apr	BA 279	Seat 25B	Seat cover Not usable.
9	26 Apr	BA 279	Forward galley	The microwave is not
10	26 Apr	BA 279	Aft o/h locker	Oxygen mask from cylinder.
11	26 Apr	BA 279	Seat 29D	Seat very orange juice spill.
12	26 Apr	BA 279	Row II	No safety cards. Notspares.

13 Mark the sentences True (\checkmark) or False (\times).

1	The damaged microwave tray was reported on a previous flight.	
2	There is something wrong with the forward toilet.	
3	There's a problem with the rewind on DVD player number 3.	
4	One of the seats is stuck in the upright position.	
5	A tray table fastening is damaged.	
6	There aren't any safety cards in row 11.	

14 Work with a partner. Explain that something is wrong.

HI - F, N - 3: d / 1 - d - 30 - d H - L - 4000000-		File 8, p. 71 File 16, p. 73
--	--	---------------------------------

USEFUL PHRASES

Something is missing It/They is/are missing There aren't any/enough ... I/We can't find the ...

There's a problem

It is/they/are broken/damaged. The ... has broken.

There's something wrong with ...

Something is out of action

It is/They/aren't working. It/They won't work. We can't use ...

DID YOU KNOW ... ?

At the end of a flight you should:

- make sure every passenger leaves the plane safely with all their hand luggage.
- complete a written flight report and record any unusual incidents.
- add up and record all food and drink orders and duty-free sales.

After that you can check into your hotel, relax, and explore the destination before your next flight!



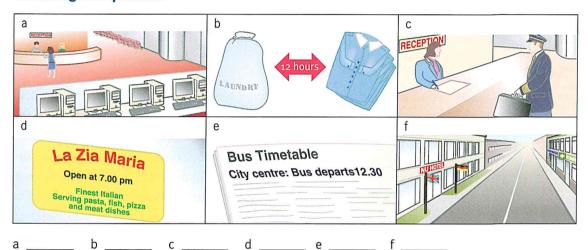
15

15	Lis	ten to the conversations. Mark t	ıe sente	nces True (✔) or False (メ).
	Co	nversation 1		
	1	The crew are staying at the Metro	pole hoto	el for three nights.
	2	Breakfast is served in the dining r	oom.	
	3	The crew get a 20% discount in th	e hotel r	estaurant and shops.
	Co	nversation 2		
	4	There's no cash machine in the ho	tel lobby	y
	5	The bank is open now.		
	6	The bank is close to the hotel.		
	Co	nversation 3		-
	7	The air-conditioning isn't working		
	8	Reception will send someone up i	n an hou	r.
16	Ma	atch words from the conversation	s in exer	cise 15 with the correct meanings.
	1	booking	a	ATM (automated teller machine)
	2	breakfast		first meal of the day
	3	discount	c	card giving money off for a regular user
	4	loyalty card	d	hotel entrance/reception area
	5	wallet	е	lower price than usual
	6	cash machine	f	reservation
	7	lobby	g	machine to cool a room
	8	air-conditioning	h	small case to keep paper money, plastic cards, etc
4 500				
17	Lis	ten again. Complete the phrases.	Check ti	he transcript on page 91 if necessary.
	1	breakfast?		5to walk there?
	2	Can you tell mea c	liscount?	
	3	I can change some m	oney?	It's blowing out hot air.
	4	it open?		7 make the room cooler.
18	Ma	tch the responses to the phrases	in exerc	ise 17.
	a	About one minute!	e	Yes, of course. There's a cash machine
	b	At 9.30.		in the hotel lobby.
	C	It's from 7.00 to 9.30.		Yes, you do. 10%.
	d	Oh, I'm very sorry about that.	g	

19 Put the words in the correct order to form questions.

- How laundry long take the will?
- 2 an connection Do have in Internet our rooms we?
- 3 does open restaurant the time What?
- 4 are Can me shops tell the where you?
- 5 bus does leave the When?
- 6 bag can Is leave my somewhere there I?

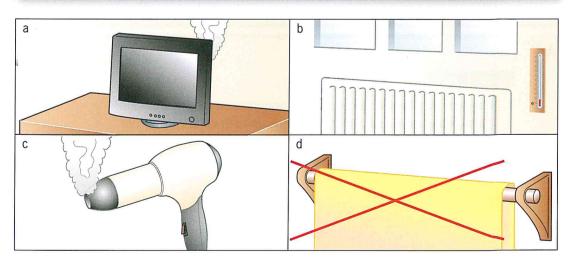
20 Work with a partner. Match the pictures to a question in exercise 19. Take turns asking and answering each question.



21 Work with a partner. Take turns calling hotel reception to explain problems with your hotel room.

- A: Hello, I'm calling from room 4208.
- B: How can I help?
- A: I've got a problem with the door. The thing that closes the door is broken.
- B: The lock? We'll send someone up right away.





Read the text and answer the questions.

Ji-Eun Park

There are often delays coming in to land, especially in winter when it's foggy. Passengers always ask for the reason. Sometimes they get anxious; some even get aggressive and demand that the aircraft lands on time! If that happens, I try to be very polite and positive. And I keep smiling. I explain the reason for the delay and offer to bring drinks or blankets or anything else to keep them comfortable. If the delay is really long, we put on a good film.



When we're on the ground, we check the aircraft in case anything has been left behind. It's amazing what we find – valuables, passports, immigration forms. Once I found a wallet full of money! I took it to the 'Lost and found' counter. Fortunately, I met the passenger who had lost it. He explained that the money was for tuition fees and six months' living expenses. I can't believe he would forget something like that! I've found other strange things, too. I once found a diamond ring in the lavatory and a wig in an overhead locker. One lady even left her false teeth on her lunch tray and we had to search through all the rubbish to find them! When all the hard work is done, I can finally relax. Every new city brings new sights, new activities, new people to meet, and I try to experience as much as possible. One of my favourites is Bangkok in Thailand. I love this country! I can have a relaxing massage – that's so good after a long flight! I can also eat wonderful food and visit the beaches on the islands. I did that last New Year and saw some stunning firework displays. Another favourite is London – the Thames river cruise is great and there's always something fun going on. I also love wandering through the maze of shopping streets and bazaars in Istanbul ...

People are different everywhere and it's so interesting to learn about their cultures and traditions from real life rather than reading about them in books!

OVER TO YOU

- Have you ever been on an aircraft that was delayed coming in to land?
 Did the cabin crew look after the passengers well? What did they do?
- What would you most look forward to after a long flight?
- Which countries would you most like to visit?



Getting a job

STARTER

Airlines often give cabin crew applicants a test of general and aviation knowledge, and problem-solving skills. Take the short practice test.

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE What is the three-letter ICAO airline What is the largest country in South code for British Airways? What is the name of the currency used In aviation, what does the abbreviation in Japan? ATC stand for? When the time is 13.00 in New York, 8 Which airport is the busiest in the world, what's the time in London? in terms of passenger numbers? What is the national airline of Germany? Which airport is known as LAX? What is the capital of Australia? 10 If you had to explain the location of food on a plate to a blind passenger, how would you do it?

Compare answers with a partner. What else do you think usually happens on interview day?



Look at the schedule for the interview day. Listen. Number the situations in the order you hear them.

a		Height and weight check (10 minutes)
b		Welcome and introduction to E-Z Air (15 minutes)
С		Personal interview (30 minutes)
d	-	Document check (10 minutes)
e		Team assessment (20 minutes)
f		Customer service role-play (15 minutes)
g	77110-0	Maths and general knowledge test (20 minutes)

2	Listen	again.	Answer	the	questions.
---	--------	--------	--------	-----	------------

- If twenty people attend the interview day, about how many will be offered a job?

 What documentation does the interviewer not want to see?

 How tall is the applicant?

 What does the interviewer say about calculators?

 What imaginary situation is the team dealing with?

 What are they role-playing?
- What part of the interview day are you the most nervous about? What do you think will be the most enjoyable?
- The team assessment exercise helps interviewers understand how you work with a group. Work in groups of five or six. Do a practice team assessment.

PARTINER FILES All students File 17, p. 74

TEAM ASSESSMENT TIPS

• Keep your sense of humour and smile consistently.

What does the interviewer ask the applicant to talk about?

- Show interest.
- · Be positive.
- · Listen to others.
- Give positive feedback, e.g. Great idea!/I like that idea!
- Participate as much as possible, but don't stop others from participating.

The individual interview gives you an opportunity to discuss your own work experience and qualities in detail. Answer the questions.

- 1 Why do you want to be a cabin crew member?
- 2 Why do you want to work for E-Z Air?
- 3 What skills and qualities will you bring to the job?
- 4 What skills and qualities do you need to improve?
- 5 Have you ever had to deal with an angry customer? What happened?
- 6 Have you ever worked with someone from another culture? Did you learn anything?
- 7 What do you think will be the most difficult part of the job?
- 8 Would your current employer describe you as reliable?
- 9 What would you do if an older lady passenger seemed upset and appeared to be crying?
- 10 If we don't hire you for this job, what will you do?

a	The company has a good reputation as an employer. I'd feel great about working for you.
	Also, it's just the right size: not too big, not too small.
b	I'd like to develop more confidence in leading people. I expect working as a cabin crew
	member will help me achieve this.
c	Definitely. They would tell you I've never been late for work, and I've had only one sick day in
	three years. That doesn't mean I go to work when I'm ill, it means I take care of myself!
d	I'll take it as a learning opportunity. I'll definitely go back and try to improve myself, then
	apply again.
e	At the hotel where I work, guests come from all over the world. Communication can be
	challenging. I've learned to speak slowly and calmly. I don't mind repeating myself, and I try
	different words, too. I'm always interested in meeting people from different places.
f	I have good experience with customer care from my job in the hotel. I'm cheerful most of the
	time, and I don't mind taking responsibility for my actions – doing what needs to be done. I
	love team work, too.
g	Once, there was a mix-up over a room at the hotel. A customer arrived with his family, but
	the booking was for a single room. He was furious. I kept apologizing, and immediately got
	them seated in the restaurant for a free meal. We sorted out the room and left a fruit basket.
	He was never entirely happy, but he could see that we'd tried to make it right.
h	I like the idea of the exciting lifestyle. I've never enjoyed too much routine, and I really enjoy
	working with people.
	I would offer her a tissue and a glass of water. I would ask if she needed anything else. If she
	said no, I would keep an eye on her, but not say anything else.
	I think being on call and waiting for a phone call in the middle of the night must be pretty
	tough. But I want this job because I like a challenge, and I want to avoid a nine-to-five
	routine.

Now work with a partner. Take turns asking and answering the questions in exercise 5. Use the phrases below.

- 1 I like the idea of ...
 I've never enjoyed ...
 I really enjoy ...
- 2 I'd feel very good about ...
- 3 I have good experience with ... I don't mind ... I love ..., too.
- 4 I'd like to develop ...
- 5 Once, ...

- 6 I'm always interested in ...
 I never try to ...
 Instead, I ...
- 7 I think ... must be pretty tough. But I want this job because ...
 I want to avoid ...
- 8 They would tell you ...
- 9 I would ...
- 10 I'll take it as ...
 I'll definitely go back and try to ...

INTERVIEW DAY TIPS

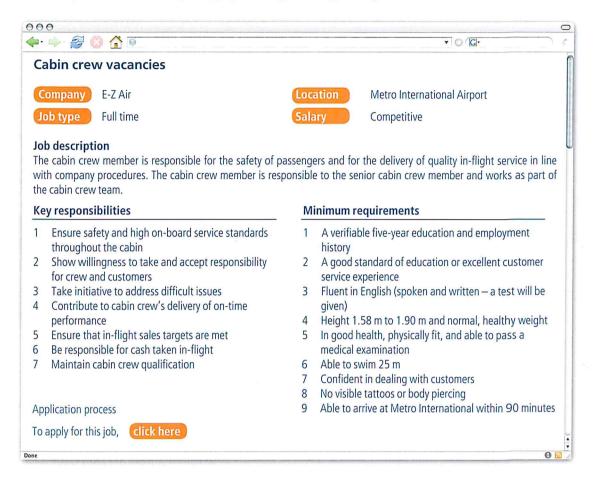
- Be honest and open.
- Show that you can 'think on your feet' (solve problems quickly).
- Be prepared for the interview. Practise interviews with a friend. Practise, practise, practise!
- Don't prepare a long speech! Think about your own qualities. Practise answering a lot of different questions naturally.

9

8 Use the words to complete the text. Were your ideas from exercise 7 correct?

while customer safety wimum as low as 32. hat about height and weight? bin crew need to be able to reach all of the equipment on a aircraft, so you must be a minimum of 158 cm tall. You need to be able to move around the cabin comfortably, the	very important for airlines. Applicant omer-contact jobs may have an working with elderly people, childred disabilities may also be an advantaging re willing to take responsibility for the result of the responsibility for the require that you have first aid elepful in getting a job. That be a problem? That you are able to swim 25 to 30 me to swim before you apply for a journ of the result
the there any age requirements or restrictions? The airlines may set a	is the highest priority, very important for airlines. Applicant omer-contact jobs may have an working with elderly people, childred disabilities may also be an advantaging re willing to take responsibility for the retail training? The require that you have first aid elepful in getting a job. The retail that you are able to swim 25 to 30 m to swim before you apply for a job to communicate clearly in your first of the retail to communicate clearly in your first syour application if you can speak a
the there any age requirements or restrictions? The airlines may set a	is the highest priority, very important for airlines. Applicant omer-contact jobs may have an working with elderly people, childred disabilities may also be an advantaging re willing to take responsibility for the retail training? The require that you have first aid elepful in getting a job. The retail that you are able to swim 25 to 30 m to swim before you apply for a job to communicate clearly in your first of the retail to communicate clearly in your first syour application if you can speak a
while customer safety wimum as low as 32. hat about height and weight? bin crew need to be able to reach all of the equipment on a aircraft, so you must be a minimum of 158 cm tall. You need to be able to move around the cabin comfortably, the	is the highest priority, very important for airlines. Applicant omer-contact jobs may have an working with elderly people, childred disabilities may also be an advantaging re willing to take responsibility for the retail training? The require that you have first aid elepful in getting a job. The retail that you are able to swim 25 to 30 m to swim before you apply for a job to communicate clearly in your first of the retail to communicate clearly in your first syour application if you can speak a
successful in other cust advantage. Experience or people with physical because it shows you are people. Do I need to be able to move around the cabin comfortably, the	omer-contact jobs may have an working with elderly people, childre disabilities may also be an advantag re willing to take responsibility for ret aid training? require that you have first aid elpful in getting a job. nat be a problem? at you are able to swim 25 to 30 m to swim before you apply for a job foreign language? The to communicate clearly in your first syour application if you can speak a
advantage. Experience or people with physical because it shows you are people. Do I need to be able to move around the cabin comfortably, the	working with elderly people, childre disabilities may also be an advantag re willing to take responsibility for ret aid training? require that you have first aid elpful in getting a job. nat be a problem? at you are able to swim 25 to 30 m to swim before you apply for a job foreign language? The to communicate clearly in your first syour application if you can speak a
the increase it shows you are people with physical because it shows you are people. The increase it is usually 190 cm. You must be a small is usually 190 cm. You must be a mall is essential. You normally need to have find it can be health requirements? The is essential. You normally need to have needical examination as part of the selection process. The eyesight isn't very good without glasses. Will at the a problem? The importance is eyesight isn't very good without glasses. Will at the approblem? The eyesight isn't very good without glasses. Will at the approblem? The importance is eyesight isn't very good without glasses. Will at the approblem? The eyesight isn't very good without glasses. Will at the approblem? The importance is eyesight isn't very good without glasses. Will at the approblem? The eyesight isn't very good without glasses. Will at the approblem? The eyesight isn't very good without glasses. Will at the approblem? The importance is executed to have find it can be head to have find it can be head. Airlines don't generally training, but it can be head to have find it can be head	re willing to take responsibility for rst aid training? require that you have first aid elpful in getting a job. nat be a problem? at you are able to swim 25 to 30 m to swim before you apply for a job foreign language? The to communicate clearly in your first your application if you can speak a
people. po I need to have fire dirines don't generally training, but it can be her dirines a part of the selection process. per eyesight isn't very good without glasses. Will at be a problem? unight have to take an eye test once you have been each. If you don't have	rst aid training? require that you have first aid elpful in getting a job. nat be a problem? at you are able to swim 25 to 30 m to swim before you apply for a jo a foreign language? e to communicate clearly in your first s your application if you can speak a
mal	require that you have first aid elpful in getting a job. nat be a problem? at you are able to swim 25 to 30 m to swim before you apply for a jour foreign language? et o communicate clearly in your first your application if you can speak a
training, but it can be not requirements?	elpful in getting a job. nat be a problem? at you are able to swim 25 to 30 m to swim before you apply for a jo tforeign language? e to communicate clearly in your firs s your application if you can speak a
regression as part of the selection process. regressight isn't very good without glasses. Will at be a problem? u might have to take an eye test once you have been ed. If you don't have	nat be a problem? at you are able to swim 25 to 30 m to swim before you apply for a jo a foreign language? e to communicate clearly in your firs s your application if you can speak a
Most airlines require the metres. You should lear lead. If you don't have	at you are able to swim 25 to 30 m to swim before you apply for a jo a foreign language? The to communicate clearly in your first your application if you can speak a
that be a problem? u might have to take an eye test once you have been ed. If you don't have	a foreign language? e to communicate clearly in your firs s your application if you can speak a
ed. If you don't have	e to communicate clearly in your firs s your application if you can speak a
babably be required to wear glasses or contact lenses on language, it usually helps lob. **The property of the property of th	s your application if you can speak a
hat about education? Set airlines require that you have completed secondary ucation with at least average marks. However, if you have rellent	languages.
your appearance should airlines require that you have completed secondary ucation with at least average marks. However, if you have sellent	
airlines don't want cabin airlines don't want cabin airlines don't want cabin airlines don't want cabin all flow airlines may hire you are if you lack strong formal educational qualifications. You also need to be vere be at work at almost any and you'll be expected to	
en if you lack strong formal educational qualifications. You also need to be ver be at work at almost any and you'll be expected to	r crew with a visible tattoo or
be at work at almost an and you'll be expected t	y flexible and adaptable. You may
	y time of day on any day of the year
	to be cheerful and efficient while
the sentences True (\checkmark) or False (X).	
ome airlines have age requirements. 5 Good marks ir	school are necessary
you are 200 cm tall, you can't work for getting an	
	ng isn't a requirement
_	cabin crew job.
ye exam 7 Swimming abi	lity is a necessary part
you wear glasses or contact lenses, of the job.	
ou can't work as cabin crew. 🔲 8 If you don't sp	

11 Read the job advert. Would you apply for the job? Why, or why not?



12 Read the advert again. Find the phrase or sentence that means:

1	your direct boss will be a crew member with more experience	
2	use your own ideas to deal with problems	
3	continue to receive training and certification as a flight attendant	2.00
4	a record of your activities for the past five years which can be checked	†
5	in less than an hour and a half	

13 Read tasks a-g. Work with a partner. Match each task with one of the 'key responsibilities' in the job advert.

а		Encourage passengers to buy duty-free products and make other in-flight purchases.
0		Demonstrate the use of the life jacket and emergency exits.
2	(One of your colleagues has forgotten to secure the food trolley after meal service. Secure it
		and then say: 'I've secured this trolley.'
b		Count and safely put away the money from duty-free sales.
9		Make sure that any pre-departure job you have, for example securing a door, is done
		quickly and at the right time.

14 Read the 'Minimum requirements' in the job advert. Tick the ones you meet. Mark the ones you don't meet with X.

1	Being part of a team	5	1	Flexible schedule
2	 Enjoying helping people	6		Hard physical work
3	Difficult passengers	7		Good accommodation
4	Difficult schedule	8		Safety concerns



16 Listen to four cabin crew members talking about their jobs. Write the number (1–8) of each feature in exercise 15 that the speakers talk about.

a:		
BARRY.	-	1
	95	7
	1	\ @
		-//11
		-

Crew member

D:_		_
	Pa I	

Crew member



Crew member



Crew member

17 Look at the four statements. Which one describes:

- a something that is generally true?
- b a possible future event?
- c an imaginary situation?
- d a past situation that didn't happen?
- 1 If I worked in an office, I'd go crazy.
- 2 If I have to stay over night, I always stay in a nice hotel.
- 3 If I stay in the job, I'll become a team leader—maybe a purser or cabin services director.
- 4 If I hadn't become a flight attendant, I'd probably have studied nursing.

TALKING ABOUT CAUSE AND EFFECT AND POSSIBILITIES

Zero conditional (rule or fact)

If I'm on call, I have to answer the phone.

First conditional (possible future event)

If I do well in the interview, I'll get the job.

Second conditional (imaginary situation)

If I worked for a big airline, I'd travel internationally.

Third conditional (past condition that didn't happen)

If I hadn't worked in a fast food restaurant, I wouldn't have had any customer service experience.

Write four sentences about yourself. Write one sentence using each of the four conditional forms. Try to write sentences that would be useful in a job interview situation. Then compare your answers with a partner.

If I got this job, I'd give 100% all of the time.

Before you decide to apply for a job, you should look closely at the qualities you can bring to it. Work with a partner. Do a quiz to learn more about your strengths and areas that need improvement.

PARTNER FILES

All students File 18, p.74

OUTPUT

Read the text and answer the questions.

Fawaz Abbas

I found my first cabin crew job while actually flying with an airline, through an advert in their in-flight magazine. My current job was advertised on the airlines vacancies section of their website.

The application forms usually set strict word limits for answering questions, which means you have to be very clear and specific in your responses. It can be hard to get everything you want to say into the answer, but just stick to the question. These answers are discussed at the interview, so it's a good idea to keep a copy of your application form - to refresh your memory the night before.



I found that arriving for the interview was exciting, as everything looked so professional and to make it to that stage was an achievement in itself. The group activities can be enjoyable, too, especially if you find the one-to-one interviews stressful. Just be yourself and enjoy interacting with the mix of people in the group, as that's a key element of the job.

As long as you prepare for the interview day, there shouldn't be any surprise questions. Have a mental list involving a range of examples you can give about past customer service experiences, because most questions asked involve the phrase: Give an example of These don't have to be dramatic situations, just everyday examples. Also, don't be afraid to ask for a question to be repeated – this can give you a moment to get your thoughts together.

When you're trying to get a job, take the time to make your application form stand out – airlines receive hundreds of these forms. Make sure you follow the instructions carefully, give clear and concise answers, and double-check everything. If they require a photo, take some smartlydressed pictures of yourself specifically for the application, as this shows you're taking the process seriously. A photo from your holiday isn't going to impress the airline. Finally, remember that there are many different styles of airline and you may not suit them all - so keep trying!

OVER TO YOU

- Have you ever applied for anything (a job, a course, etc.)? What happened?
- Can you think of a time you wanted to make a good impression? What was the situation? What did you do?
- Are you ready to apply for airline jobs? If not, what do you need to do to prepare yourself?

Test yourself!

Check how much cabin crew vocabulary you know. Use the clues to complete the crossword puzzle.

ACI	055
2	extinguishers are distributed throughout the aircraft.
4	Mobile phones and other devices can't be used during take-off and landing.
8	First-class passengers expect a very high of service.
9	Air is when someone becomes very angry during a flight.
11	Airlines have requirements because cabin crew need to be tall enough to reach all of the
	equipment in the aircraft.
12	You must carry official such as immigration forms and passports.
16	Give a drink of with a tablet.
18	Cabin crew need to pay attention to passengers' appearance and as they board the aircraft.
19	People with sometimes find it difficult to breathe.
22	You should prepare for your so you can answer the questions easily and comfortably.
24	Being means you're able to change to suit new conditions or situations.
27	Only first class passengers are allowed to use the in their cabin.
29	Any damage or on board must be reported.
30	Changes in cabin pressure may lead to bleeds or ear problems.
31	Everyone must be strapped in ready for
Dov	wn .
1	It isn't always easy to be when you're dealing with rude customers.
2	Access to the deck is restricted.
3	class often doesn't have much leg room.
5	Experience with service can be helpful in getting an airline job.
6	It's important that cabin crew are willing to take for other crew members and for customers.
7	is the part of the airport where aircraft land, take off, load, unload, etc.
10	Emergency equipment is stowed near the station.
13	It can be difficult lifting heavy items into the locker.
14	You cover a cut with a
15	Purses, brief cases, and other small items need to go under the seat in front of passengers.
17	All large bags are checked into the hold.
20	Every passenger should read the card.
21	The cabin service is responsible for the whole cabin.
23	Smoking is never on board an aircraft.
25	Oxygen is needed if the pressure drops.
26	A good is a real treat after a long flight.
28	Secure your own oxygen hefore helping others

				1												2		3
			4	-		5		6						7				
											VE.							
								8		T								
Ĭų.	9					3												
0												11						
		12	13								16	1					15	L
6											14						15	
		1-29-20			17			18								1		
9	20													, Tares				
	Sin													21	1			
								22	A FEE		ji š			E				
										23		24						
	14.0			25														
							26			27								28
													29					
				30														
							31											

Partner A

Partner Files

UNIT 1, Exercise 17

File 1

With your partner, take turns describing people and places. Describe the people and places on your list. See if your partner can guess the job or location.

- 1 Ramp service staff
- 2 The crew room
- 3 The flight engineer
- 4 Immigration and quarantine
- The purser
- 6 The boarding gate

UNIT 2, Exercise 11

File 2

- 1 Ask questions to Partner B.
- 1 Can you tell me ...?

	Order of services
11.15	
11.30	
13.00	

2 How many ... are there? 3 What time is ...?





2 Answer Partner B's questions.







UNIT 3, Exercise 17

File 3

Situation 1

You are an elderly passenger and have just boarded a long haul flight with your two grandchildren, aged 12 and 8. You paid an additional cost for extra leg room and are pleased with your seats. You have plenty of room in front and you are next to the door. You do not want to move.

Respond to the flight attendant's request.

Situation 2

You are cabin crew at the start of a domestic flight. A passenger approaches you with a request. Respond to the request. Use your own knowledge to explain the situation.

UNIT 4, Exercise 13

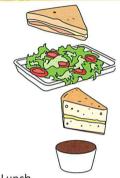
File 4

1 You are a flight attendant serving a meal. Offer the passenger breakfast then answer any questions. Continue offering meals (lunch, dinner, snack) until you run out of time.



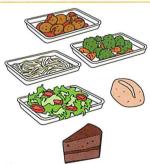
Breakfast

- · croissant (a kind of bread
- omelette (eggs with cheese)
- fruit salad (kiwis and oranges)
- yogurt



Lunch

- sandwich (cheese and ham)
- green salad (lettuce and tomato)
- cake (lemon cake)
- chocolate pudding



Dinner

- · chicken nuggets (pieces of chicken breast served with sweet and sour sauce)
- mixed vegetables (broccoli and carrots)
- noodles (Chinese style)
- bread roll
- green salad
- · chocolate cake







Snack

- sandwich (turkey and cheese)
- apple juice
- chocolate bar

2 You are a passenger. The flight attendant will offer you a meal. Look at the menu. Ask questions about the food.

Breakfast	Lunch • ravioli • a bread roll • yogurt
Dinner • fish nuggets • rice • mixed vegetables • potato salad • bread roll • green salad • vanilla pudding	Snack • sandwich • apple • bag of crisps

UNIT 4, Exercise 20

File 5

Act out four role-plays with Partner B.

Situation 1

You are cabin crew. Ask the passenger to turn off his/ her laptop computer in preparation for landing.

Situation 2

You are a passenger. There is a problem with your tray table. It is broken and it has spilled your meal on your clothes. You are angry. Complain to the flight attendant.

Situation 3

You are cabin crew. A passenger in economy class is ill and may need to vomit. He/She wants to use the business class toilet but you cannot allow this. Encourage the passenger to use an airsickness bag, or offer to help him/her to the economy class lavatory.

Situation 4

You are a business class passenger. The person in the seat next to you has been given a vegetarian meal. You did not order one but you have seen it and you would like to have one. Ask the flight attendant. If he or she says no, say that you have paid a lot of money for your business class ticket and you expect good treatment.

UNIT 5, Exercise 18

File 6

- 1 You are a flight attendant on a long haul flight. A passenger is having an epileptic seizure. His head and hands are shaking and moving about a lot. You must protect him from harming himself.
 - Call the senior flight attendant.
 - Explain the problem.
 - Ask for help and advice.
 - Suggest that the pilot asks if there is a doctor on board.

- 2 You are a flight attendant. A colleague approaches you and is clearly concerned.
 - Offer to help.
 - Listen to the problem and her suggestion.
 - Make suggestions
 - Offer advice to calm the injured passenger.

Unit 6, Exercise 24

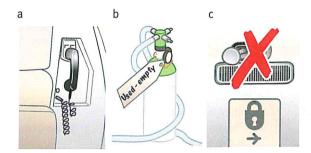
File 7

- 1 You are a flight attendant. Listen to the passenger's request. The passenger is very drunk and becoming violent. Two other passengers are now restraining him.
 - Try to calm the passenger.
 - Explain that you can't serve him any more alcohol.
 - Advise him that he must not disturb other passengers.
 - If necessary warn him that he will be removed from the aircraft.
- 2 You are a passenger. You are smoking in the aircraft lavatory. You don't think it's dangerous and think you can smoke if you want to. Don't open the lavatory door, but respond to the flight attendant.

Unit 7, Exercise 14

File 8

1 Use the pictures to say what's wrong.



Respond to questions from Partner B. Give as much information as possible.

2 Listen to the problems that Partner B describes. Ask questions to discover exactly what is wrong.

Partner B

Partner Files

UNIT 1, Exercise 17

File 9

With your partner, take turns describing people and places. Describe the people and places on your list. See if your partner can guess the job or location.

- 1 Passenger service staff
- Customs inspection
- The co-pilot
- The baggage claim
- The cabin services director
- The arrivals hall

UNIT 2, Exercise 11

File 10

- 1 Answer Partner A's questions.

	Order of services
11.15	comfort Kits
11.30	trolley service
13.00	meal service

2





- 2 Ask questions to Partner A.
- - Where's the ... 2 Are there 3 When does ...? any ... ?



on the aircraft?





UNIT 3, Exercise 17

File 11

Situation 1

You are cabin crew at the start of a long haul flight. Passengers are still boarding and you notice an elderly passenger with two young children. One is sat in the exit row seat. You know they will not be able to cope in an emergency and want them to change seats to another row.

Approach the passenger and ask her to change seats. Use your own knowledge to explain the reason.

Situation 2

You are a teenage musician taking your first plane trip. You are travelling abroad to play in a music competition. You have been allowed to carry your guitar on to the plane, but it's too big to fit under the seat or in the overhead bin. It is a very expensive instrument and precious to you, so you want to hold it on your lap. However, you have heard the announcement about stowing luggage. Get the flight attendant's attention. Demand that you be allowed to hold your guitar on your lap.

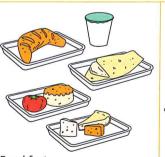
UNIT 4, Exercise 13

File 12

1 You are a passenger. The flight attendant will offer you a meal. Look at the menu. Ask questions about the food.

Breakfast	Lunch • sandwich • green salad • cake • chocolate pudding
Dinner • chicken nuggets • mixed vegetables • noodles • bread roll • green salad • chocolate cake	Snack • sandwich • apple juice • chocolate bar

2 You are a flight attendant serving a meal. Offer the passenger breakfast then answer any questions. Continue offering meals (lunch, dinner, snack) until you run out of time.



Breakfast

- · croissant (a kind of bread
- omelette (eggs with cheese)
- · potato cake (fried potato patty)
- · fresh tomato
- a selection of cheeses
- yogurt



Lunch

- ravioli (pasta baked with cheese)
- a bread roll (served with butter)
- yogurt



Dinner

- · fish nuggets (pieces of white fish served with tomato sauce)
- rice (white, boiled)
- mixed vegetables (peas and carrots)
- potato salad
- · bread roll (served with butter)
- green salad
- vanilla pudding



Snack

- sandwich (cheese)
- apple (fresh)
- bag of crisps

UNIT 4, Exercise 20

File 13

Act out four role-plays with Partner A.

Situation 1

You are a passenger in first class. You are using your laptop computer. You have some important work to do and you have read an article saying that it's safe to use your computer. Start out by being polite, but continue to argue with the flight attendant.

Situation 2

You are cabin crew. Listen to your passenger's complaint. Do your best to help the passenger calm down.

Situation 3

You are a passenger. You are seated near the front of economy class. You are not feeling well. Your stomach is very upset and you are afraid you are going to vomit. Ask the cabin crew if you can use the business class toilet, which is very near.

Situation 4

You are cabin crew. A passenger who hasn't preordered a special meal is now asking for a vegetarian meal. Unfortunately, you can offer only the standard meal. Deal with the passenger's request.

UNIT 5, Exercise 18

File 14

- 1 You are a senior flight attendant. A colleague approaches you and is clearly concerned.
 - Offer to help.
 - Listen to the problem and her suggestion.
 - Respond and make your own suggestions.
 - Offer advice to keep the passenger safe.
- 2 You are a flight attendant. The aircraft has just stabilized after unexpected turbulence. One passenger undid her seat belt and hit the ceiling. She has hurt her head. You tried to calm the passenger but she is angry and upset. She believes her injury is the pilot's fault.
 - · Approach a colleague.
 - Explain the problem.
 - Ask your colleague for help and advice.
 - Suggest calling the purser.

UNIT 6, Exercise 24

File 15

- 1 You are a male passenger in economy class. It's your birthday and you have drunk some alcohol to celebrate. You want more some alcohol but the flight attendant won't serve you. You are very angry. Insist that you have more alcohol.
- 2 You are a flight attendant. You can smell cigarette smoke coming from the lavatory. You must stop the passenger smoking any more. Knock on the door.
 - Ask the passenger to stop smoking and come out.
 - Explain the regulations.
 - Advise the passenger that smoking is illegal on
 - If necessary, warn the passenger that you will open the door and they will be arrested if they continue to smoke.

UNIT 7, Exercise 14

File 16

- 1 Listen to the problem that Partner A describes. Ask questions to discover exactly what is wrong.
- 2 Use the pictures to say what's wrong.

a b





Respond to questions from Partner B. Give as much information as possible.

UNIT 8. Exercise 4

File 17

You are on board a flight from London to New York. All of the passengers have boarded the aircraft. However, the Captain has just told you that the departure will be delayed for three hours because of a technical fault. There is no power in the aircraft, so the entertainment system doesn't work. All of the passengers must remain seated.

Think of some creative ways of keeping the passengers entertained. Use the items in the list below or come up with ideas of your own. You have 20 minutes and after that, present your ideas to the group.



UNIT 8. Exercise 19

File 18

Partner A and Partner B 1 For each question, mark the answer that is the

- closest to how you feel. Then read the key. 1 If you have to deal with demanding or unhappy people in your daily life, how do you
 - generally react? a I try to understand what they want and calm the situation.
 - I try to avoid demanding and unhappy people.
 - c I often become unhappy or even angry myself.
 - 2 How do you feel if people change plans at the last minute (for example changing the time or location of a meeting)?
 - a I understand that everyone's busy and life's complicated. It doesn't upset me.
 - I don't mind it too much, but I do feel a bit annoved.
- I think real friends and real professional people should take appointments very seriously.
- 3 In an interview, if you're asked a difficult question about your past, what will you do?
- a Try to answer honestly.
- b I really don't know.
- c Say what I need to say in order to get the job.
- Would you accept a job even if you were asked to move to a different city?
- a Almost certainly, because I really want to do this job.
- I might consider it, but I'm not sure I'd like the
- I probably wouldn't move. I like the place I'm living in now.
- If you hadn't decided to look for work as a flight attendant, what job would you have tried for?
- a Another customer service job.
- I've got no idea.
- c I might try for something very different.
- 2 Interviewers may ask questions like those above. It helps them form an idea of whether you are well suited to working as a flight attendant. Match each question in the quiz to a statement below. Cabin crew must be ...
 - a) customer-service oriented.
 - b) honest.
 - c) helpful and have empathy.
 - d) flexible and adaptable.
 - e) motivated.
- 3 Practise asking and answering the questions in the quiz.

s ic sq 3p de 29 Mostly c = You will find this job difficult. Mostly b = You might find the job challenging. Mostly a = You're very well-suited to the job.

Answer key

UNIT 1

page 5

_			
1	4	9	'The best part is going on [international flights].'
2	1	19	'I'm in charge of [running] the whole cabin.'
3	1	1	'My main responsibility is [passenger safety].'
4	2	12	'I report to the [cabin service director].'

page 6

a3 b1 c4 d2

1e 2i 3a 4j 5b 6k 7c 8h 9d 10l 11 g 12 f

page 7

a2 b3 c4 d5 e1 f6 g8 h7

page 8

7

1 1924

2 1952

3 in the 1990s

8

2 cheerful

polite 3

4 prepared

5 professional

6 young

7 glamorous

8 adaptable

9 forceful

10 empathetic

11 organized

12 skilled

13 patient

14 cool under pressure

page 9

9

- 1 cheerful
- 2 coolness
- 3 empathetic
- 4 flexibility
- 5 glamorous
- organization
- 7 patient
- 8 politeness
- 9 prepared
- 10 professionalism
- 11 skilled
- 12 youth

10

- 1 cheerful
- 2 empathy
- 3 youth
- 4 glamour
- 5 skilled
- 6 professional
- 7 excellent
- 8 clarity
- 9 tall
- 10 good
- 11 clean

page 10

12

- 1 apron
- 2 control tower
- 3 boarding gates
- 4 immigration and quarantine
- 5 crew room
- 6 baggage claim
- 7 customs inspection
- 8 security check
- 9 arrivals
- ·10 check-in

13

- 1 security
- 2 arrivals hall
- 3 security, customs
- 4 boarding gates
- 5 apron

page 11

14

1c 2b 3a 4e 5d

a2 b4 c3 d5 e1

- 1 check-in counter agent check-in
- 2 gate agent boarding gates
- 3 apron service staff apron
- 4 field operations staff apron
- 5 baggage handler apron, baggage claim

UNIT 2

page 13

STARTER

1d 2c 3a 4e 5b

1

- a 2, Yes (Sally and Oleg), No (Sally and captain)
- b 3, No (Abbie and Fran), Yes, (Fran and Zoe)
- c 1, No

2

1F 2F/I 3I

3

1 do, F 2 introduce, F 3 call, F/I 4 good, I 5 meet, I

page 14

4

- 1 I'm the purser today.
- 2 I'm senior crew member in economy.
- 3 Good to meet you both.
- 4 We know each other already.
- 5 How are you doing?
- 6 It's good to see you again.

5

a2 b1 c3

page 15

7

1b 2d 3a 4e 5c

8

- 1 Flight attendant 3
- 2 Two
- 3 6 months
- 4 2L
- 5 22C

9

- 1 What are your duties before and after take-off?
- 2 Could you tell us how many oxygen cylinders there are on this aircraft?
- 3 Have we got any babies or very young children on board?
- 4 Who is working in business class?
- 5 Have any other passengers got special requirements?

10

- 1 many
- 2 long
- 3 Where
- 4 When
- 5 much
- 6 What
- 7 Are
- 8 Can

page 16

12

1f 2d 3b 4c 5g 6a 7e

13

- a flight deck
- b first class
- c economy cabin
- d emergency exit
- e overwing hatch
- crew station
- g cargo hold

14

- 1 flight deck
- 2 emergency exit
- 3 crew station
- 4 cargo hold
- 5 first class
- 6 overwing hatch
- 7 economy class

page 17

15

- 1 smoke hood Crew station and flight deck.
- 2 medical kit Flight deck and/or overhead locker.
- 3 first aid kit Overhead locker.
- 4 emergency lighting Floor.
- 5 oxygen cylinder Overhead lockers throughout aircraft and flight deck.
- 6 torch Crew station and flight deck.
- 7 crash axe In the galley and/or flight deck.
- 8 life jacket Under all seats and crew station. Spares in bag in overhead locker.
- 9 fire extinguisher Overhead lockers throughout aircraft, near crew station.
- 10 seat belts All seats in cabin and flight deck.
- 11 safety card Passenger seat pockets.
- 12 no smoking sign Above passenger seats, in the lavatory, in the galley.

Eq	juipment	in	on	under/below	above/over	near/close to
1	safety card	seat pocket				
2	emergency lighting		floor			
3	life jacket			seat		
4	oxygen cylinder	overhead locker				crew station
5	no smoking sign	the passenger service unit			passenger seat	
6	first aid kit	overhead locker				crew station
7	fire extinguisher	overhead locker				crew station
8	seat belt		all seats			

page 18

18

1T 2F 3F 4F 5T 6F 7T 8T

1d 2g 3h 4c 5b 6a 7e 8f

page 19

Possible answers:

Situation 1

I'm sorry, but I didn't hear the departure time or gate number.

Can you repeat the departure time and gate number, please?

Can you tell me how long the flight is?

Situation 2

I don't know how old he/the child is. How old is he/the child?

Can he/the child read?

I'm not sure about the meal times. Can you tell me again, please?

Situation 3

I'm sorry, but I don't understand. Have you lost your boarding card? Can you show me your boarding card?

Situation 4

I'm confused about the times of my duties. Can you go through them again, please?

I didn't hear the times. Could you repeat them, please? Did you say I'm with the blind passenger at 10.00 or 11.00?

UNIT 3

page 21

STARTER

1c 2b 3d 4a

Possible answers:

- Diabetes, heart trouble, he ran to catch the plane.
- They could be intoxicated.
- 3 Illness, nervous because he plans to do something bad, nervous first-time flyer.
- 4 She is struggling to cope with the children.

2 Possible answers:

- In-flight illness could force diversion or present other complications.
- May misbehave or be sick on the plane.
- May be ill or have panic attack on the plane, or attempt to sabotage flight.
- May disturb other passengers, may need help to look after all three children.

3 Possible answers:

Try to determine if flyers really are potential problems; if so, alert the purser, or be prepared to deal with such issues as may arise.

4 Possible answers:

Students' own answers; depends on actual conditions.

page 22

Answers may vary from culture to culture. Possible answers:

Be yourself and speak with a smile.

Be welcoming, visible and happy/ready to help.

Relax, be enthusiastic, and have fun.

Speak clearly and slowly, using positive everyday language.

Identify yourself and crew using first names.

Establish eye contact.

Build credibility, respect, and attention with customers. Tell customers what they can do, instead of what they can't do.

Create a positive environment.

Treat everyone as you would like to be treated.

- boarding
- departure 2
- aisle 3
- bags 4
- 5 lockers
- 6 items
- 7 seat
- 8 devices
- 9 gate
- 10 door

page 23

4 and 5

Personal items	Hand luggage	Electronic devices
handbag walking stick wallet	suitcase trolley bag suit bag rucksack	MP3 player mobile phone laptop DVD player handheld video game

- 1 a big blue suitcase
- a little red handbag
- 8
- 1 a big, expensive, leather suitcase
- a small, fragile purse
- an old red hat box
- 4 a beautiful new portable DVD player

page 24

- a seating near the front of the aircraft, on the aisle
- seating near the flight attendants' crew station
- c seating next to empty seats, if possible; assistance with equipment or medication

10

	Arturo Chavez	Joe Smith			Shelagh Mulvaney	Soo- Bong Park
10A	Х	×	X		V	X
24D	V	×	X		Х	
25C		V	X		Х	
25B		X	V		Х	Х
14C	Х	X	X		X	V
1B		Х	Х	V	Х	Х

page 25

- 11
- near the lavatory; AC
- 2 next to my wife's; JS
- on the aisle; SM
- 4 in the middle; SP
- 5 near the front; VS
- 6 together; CS
- 1c 2a 3g 4d 5b 6h 7f 8e

page 27

- 1 'd like you
- 2 wonder if you'd mind
- 3 be possible
- you think
- you mind
- don't suppose
- you possibly 7
- 8 Would you
- 9 I'm sorry
- 10 Would you please
- 1g 2i 3b 4j 5c 6a 7e 8d 9f 10h

UNIT 4

page 29

STARTER

- 3 Possible answers:
 - good eye contact
 - excellent grammar G
 - a friendly smile 1
 - a clear, confident voice
 - U/B expensive clothes and nice jewellery
 - U/B a very serious attitude about everything
 - U/B a very informal way of speaking
 - comfortable but polite communication
- 1
- F 1
- 2 T
- 3 F

page 30

- 2
- 1 b 2 a
- 3 b
- 4 b 5 C

	Cold/ soft drink	Hot drink	Alcohol	Way of serving
beer			~	
black (tea/coffee without milk)				~
bloody mary			~	
coffee		V		
cola	V			
gin and tonic			~	
juice (apple, orange, tomato, etc.)	V			
lager			V	
neat				V
no ice				~
on the rocks/with ice				V
red wine			V	
rosé wine			V	
rum and coke			~	
soda water	~			
sparkling water	V V			
still water	~			
tea (black, green, herbal, etc.)		~		
whisky			V	
white (tea/coffee)				V
white wine			V	
with milk and sugar				~

page 31

6

- 1 orders and receives tomato juice, no ice
- 2 orders green tea, receives black tea with milk, no sugar
- 3 orders and receives a lager

7

- 1 to drink
- 2 loffer
- 3 Would you like
- 4 care for
- 5 Shall I
- 6 Do you take
- 7 Have you got
- 8 please
- 9 I'd like
- 10 May I have
- 11 Can I have

pasta with a beef and tomato sauce, or lemon chicken

2 people who have pre-ordered special meals

10

- 1 F
- 2 T
- 3 F 4 T

page 32

11

- 1 pasta with beef
- 2 lemon chicken
- 3 green salad
- 4 (cooked) peas and carrots
- 5 chocolate cake

12

- 1 It's
- 2 served with
- 3 is made from
- 4 The side dishes are
- 5 There's also

page 33

14

- 1 69 USD
- 2 11,000 JPY
- 3 90 PLN
- 4 120 SGD
- 5 425 AED

page 34

16

Ar	menities	Economy class	Premium economy class	Business class	First class
1	A lot of leg room			~	~
2	A standard seat	V			
3	High quality food and drink service			V	~
4	Standard food and drink service	~	V		
5	Slightly better seats than economy		V		
6	A toilet shared with six other people				~
7	A fully-flat bed				V
8	Seat-back video	~	~	V	V
9	A dedicated lounge				~
10	Priority check- in			V	V

page 35

18

1

a2 b1 c3

2

a2 b3 c1

19

1c 2g 3f 4b 5e 6a 7d

UNIT 5

page 37

STARTER

- 1 head
- 2 face
- 3 eye
- 4 nose
- 5 mouth
- 6 tongue
- 7 ear
- 8 throat
- 9 chest
- 10 stomach
- 11 hand
- 12 foot
- 13 arm
- 14 leg

page 38

1

1c 2a 3b

2

a3 b2 c1

3

- 1 I'll, Let's, need
- 2 help, suggest, I'd
- 3 Shall, about, think
- 4
- 1 having
- 2 get
- 3 bring
- 4 move 5 see
- 5 see 6 get
- 7 to sit
- 8 put

page 39

5

- 1 hurts
- 2 feel
- 3 can't stop

- 4 looks
- 5 can't breathe
- 6 cut
- 7 feels
- 8 think

6

1g 2a 3c 4d 5f 6b 7h 8e

page 40

8

1e 2g 3i 4f 5h 6c 7d 8a 9b 10j

page 41

10

ıf 2i 3h 4g

11

1a 2b 3a 4b

12

a3 b5 c2 d1 e4

page 42

14

- 1 F
- 2 T 3 F
- 4 T
- 5 F
- 6 T 7 T
- 7 T 8 F

page 43

15

- The doctor assessed the situation and immediately advised the nurse to give intravenous fluids from our medical kit.
- b The nurse took his blood pressure.
- c As soon as we landed, paramedics boarded the plane and took over the situation.
- d She gave the passenger a nitroglycerine tablet under his tongue.

16

- 1 short of breath
- 2 pulse
- 3 distressed
- 4 allergies
- 5 blood pressure
- 6 unstable
- 7 stabilise
- 8 intravenous
- 9 heart rate
- 10 harm

UNIT 6

page 45

STARTER

1a 2j 3f 4d 5e 6b 7g 8c 9i 10h

page 46

a4 b1 c3 d2

1d 2c 3a 4b

4

1 so, d

2 in order to, b

3 because, c

4 due to/because of, a

5

When, while

2 until

3 Once

before 4

After

6

1 loss of pressure

2 quickly

3 below

4 a controlled

page 47

1h 2c 3a 4f 5d 6b 7e 8g

- 1 Of course not, There's nothing to worry about. Everything's fine.
- 2 In order to, Because, So
- 3 We're descending to a lower altitude, After we arrive in Minsk.

page 48

10

- 1 A sudden change in pressure.
- 2 A condition where the human body isn't getting enough oxygen.
- 3 You will lose consciousness.
- 4 Because oxygen levels are low.

11

Rapid decomp	ression problems ca	used by
very low temperatures	lack of oxygen	sudden pressure change
hypothermia	dizziness nausea loss of judgement vision problems	fog and mist objects moving around the cabin pain from trapped gases

12

- 1 Keep your mask on!
- 2 Stay calm!
- 3 Stay in your seat!
- 4 Keep your seat belt fastened!
- 5 Don't unfasten your seat belt!
- 6 Sit down!
- 7 Breathe normally.
- 8 Put your own mask on first.
- 9 Hold on!
- 10 Don't get up.

page 49

- 1 Air movement that can't be seen. It may cause the aircraft to drop suddenly.
- 2 Any unsecured people or items may be thrown around the cabin.
- 3 Everyone must strap in and everything must be secured in place.

1L 2M 3M 4S 5L 6S 7M 8M 9S 10L 11 S 12 M

16

a3 b5 c2 d4 e1

1F 2T 3F 4F 5T

page 50

18

- 1 switched
- 2 return
- 3 allow
- 4 strap in
- 5 work
- 6 fall
- 7 drops
- 8 sit down

19 3√,4√,5√

a3 b9 c1 d7 e5 f4 g8 h6 i2

page 51

21

- 1 radio
- 2 uncooperative
- 3 more
- 4 captain

22

- (You must switch it off and stop using it.) a 3
- (That's not allowed.)
- (Can you switch it off, please?)
- (This incident has been reported to the flight deck.)

1d 2c 3a 4b

UNIT 7

page 53

STARTER

1e 2b 3d 4a 5c

a3 b1 c5 d4 e2

- 2
- 1 have
- 2 put
- 3 look around
- 4 make sure
- give 5
- 6 remain
- 7 be careful
- 8 ensure

page 54

a2 b1 c6 d8 e5 f3 g4 h7

- 2 Please put the tray table up.
- 3 Please strap him/her in.
- Please put the seat back up.
- Please put the bag away.
- 6 Please switch your laptop off.

page 55

1c 2e 3a 4f 5b 6d

1f 2c 3a 4e 5d 6b

- 1 informed
- 2 let
- 3 tell
- 4 updated
- 5 arriving
- 6 spraying

- receive
- 8 board
- 9 stopping
- 10 delayed

Possible answers:

- a Ladies and gentlemen, the toilets have been closed. We will let you know if we can fix the problem.
- b Ladies and gentlemen, a fire engine will be meeting the aircraft. This is a precaution only.
- Ladies and gentlemen, we will be landing shortly. The runway is now clear of snow.
- d Ladies and gentlemen, the trolley service will be closing soon/has closed.
- e Ladies and gentlemen, customs officers will be boarding the aircraft.
- f Ladies and gentlemen, we will be diverting to Luton. We apologize for the inconvenience.

page 56

1b 2f 3i 4l 5d 6a 7k 8g 9j 10h 11 C 12 e

a12 b5 c9 d1 e10 f7 g2 h4 i11 j6 k8 l3

page 57

12

- 1 cracked
- clogged
- 3 wrong
- 4 stuck
- 5 twisted
- 6 wedged
- 7 broken off
- 8 ripped
- 9 working 10 missing
- 11 wet
- 12 enough

1T 2T 3F 4F 5T 6T

page 58

1F 2T 3F 4F 5F 6T 7T 8F

16

1f 2b 3e 4c 5h 6a 7d 8g

17

- 1 What time's
- 2 do we get
- 3 Is there somewhere
- 4 When does
- 5 How long will it take
- 6 I've got a problem with
- 7 It's the thing to

18 a5 b4 c1 d6 e3 f2 g7

page 59

19

- 1 How long will the laundry take?
- 2 Do we have an Internet connection in our rooms?
- 3 What time does the restaurant open?
- 4 Can you tell me where the shops are?
- 5 When does the bus leave?
- 6 Is there somewhere I can leave my bag?

a2 b1 c6 d3 e5 f4

UNIT 8

page 61

STARTER

- 1 BAW
- 2 Yen
- 3 18.00
- 4 Lufthansa
- 5 Canberra
- 6 Brazil
- 7 Air traffic control
- 8 London Heathrow
- 9 Los Angeles International (USA)
- 10 With 'clock' positions: 'The salad is at ten o'clock' and so on.

a3 b1 c7 d2 e5 f6 g4

page 62

2

- 1 10
- 2 driving licence
- 3 1.8 m
- 4 People mustn't use them.
- three-hour departure delay
- 6 The passenger wants a vegetarian meal but there isn't one available.
- 7 A disagreement with a manager.

page 63

a2 b4 c8 d10 e6 f3 g5 h1 i9 j7

page 64

- 1 minimum age
- maximum height
- 3 healthy weight
- 4 Good health
- 5 perfect eyesight
- 6 customer-service experience
- 7 customer satisfaction

- 8 additional language
- 9 unusual hairstyle

1T 2T 3F 4F 5F 6T 7T 8F

page 65

12

- 1 The cabin crew member is responsible to the senior cabin crew member
- 2 Take initiative to address difficult issues
- 3 Maintain cabin crew qualification
- 4 A verifiable five-year ... history
- 5 Within 90 minutes

a5 b1 c2 d6 e4

page 66

Possible answers:

1R 2R 3C 4C 5R 6C 7R 8C

16

Crew member a: 4, 5

Crew member b: 3, 7

Crew member c: 1, 8

Crew member d: 2, 6

17

a2 b3 c1 d4

page 68

Across

2 fire

4 electronic

8 standard

9 rage

11 height

12 documents

16 water

18 behaviour

19 asthma

22 interview

24 flexible

27 lavatory

29 problems

30 nose

31 landing

Down

1 polite

2 flight

3 economy

5 customer

6 responsibility

7 airside

10 crew

13 overhead

14 plaster

15 personal

17 cargo

20 safety

21 director 23 allowed

25 cabin

26 hotel

28 mask

Transcripts



UNIT 1, EXERCISE 1

1

I've had my current job for four years. I got the job after I'd been with my airline for five years — so I've been flying for nine years. I was happy to get a pay increase, but the best part of the job is going on international flights. I had to pass an English test for that. And now I have a regular flight schedule. I got very tired of being on call and having to go to work whenever the phone rang.

2

I started as a flight attendant nineteen years ago. I've worked for three different airlines. Now I've got the top job. I've been doing it for a year. I'm in charge of running the whole cabin. I tell the flight crew when the cabin is secure for take-off and landing, I make all the announcements, and I report any missing or broken emergency equipment to the pilots after the pre-flight check. I operate the doors, too. I also look after the manifest, take care of all the required paperwork and reports for each flight, and also account for all of the money.

I'm a new recruit. I finished my training eighteen months ago, and I've been doing this job for about a year. It's hard work. But I love it. My main responsibility is passenger safety. Of course, I also look after passengers' comfort, but safety is the most important thing. A lot of passengers don't understand that. Some people think I'm a waiter.

4

I've had this job for two years, but I've been with the airline for twelve years. I'm responsible for the entire cabin and all the flight attendants. I report to the cabin service director. We work closely together, so sometimes I make announcements, help with the doors, or take care of paperwork. I enjoy the responsibility.



UNIT 1, EXERCISE 14

1

- A OK, I just need your signature on this.
- B Right. Hang on, this says a hundred and ninetyfive dinners, mixed.
- A Does it?
- We've got two hundred and thirty-five passengers. My CSD's got the manifest. Let me check that with her. I'm sure we're going to need more meals.

- 2
- A I'm afraid there's a big mess in the aft starboard toilet.
- B Oh, yeah?
- A Yeah. The toilet failed and the floor's, er, pretty
- B Well, I can clean it, but maintenance will have to fix your toilet.
- A Yes, the purser's already contacted them.

3

- A Passport, please.
- B Here you are.
- A Coming home?
- B Yes.
- A OK, welcome back.

4

- A OK, everybody here? Right. I'm Stuart Innes and my assistant purser today is Heather Bower. We're flying a B-757 today. Who can tell me the emergency exit configuration?
- B There are two possibilities, either eight exit doors or ten.
- A Good. We've got ten.
- B So there are two overwing exits ...

5

- A Sorry, could I just get a look at your badge, there?
- B Here you go.
- A Oh, just started, huh?
- B Actually, this is my first flight as a flight attendant.
- A Oh, right. Sorry, but we had an alert earlier. I need you to take off your shoes, please.
- B OK
- A Thanks. And good luck with the job!



UNIT 2, EXERCISE 1

FA = Flight attendant

1

- AJ Hello, I'm Anna James. I'm the purser today.
- JR How do you do, Anna? I'm John Reed. I'm senior crew member in economy today. Let me introduce Naomi Tanaka. She's cabin crew.
- NT Good to meet you both.

2

- CB Hello, I'm Captain Baxter.
- SR Pleased to meet you, captain. I'm Sally Rhodes. Please call me Sally.
- CB Of course. Sally, let me introduce Oleg Kavalov, our first officer.

- SR We know each other already! How are you doing, Oleg?
- Great. It's good to see you again. OK

- FA₁ Hi. We haven't met, have we? I'm Abbie.
- Oh, hi. Good to meet you, Abbie. I'm Fran. Oh, FA₂ excuse me ... Zoe! Hi, how are you?
- Hello, Fran! I'm fine! How about you? Hev, it's FA₃ great to see you again!
- You too! ... Abbie, I'd like you to meet an old FA₂ friend of mine: Zoe. I don't think you know each other, do you?
- FA₁ No, I don't think so. Nice to meet you, Zoe.



UNIT 2, EXERCISE 7

1

- FA I'm flight attendant three. I'm responsible for door 3L. I cross-check with door 3R. I'm working in economy so I'll welcome the passengers on rows nine to thirty. I'll demonstrate emergency equipment on row 10. I'll give out blankets and headsets, and then help to prepare the drinks trolleys.
- 2
- We have five oxygen cylinders on this type of aircraft. Two of them are in the aft overhead bin - on the port side in business class, one on the flight deck, and the other two are in the aft overhead bin in economy, on the starboard side. There should be two masks with each one.

Purser There's a lady with a six-month-old on her lap. Can you make sure you go through the safety briefing with her? Don't forget to show her how to use the infant seat belt, and check she knows where the call button is.

- FA
 - I'm responsible for business class. My door is 2L - and I cross-check with 2R. I'll receive the meals and galley equipment in business class. I'll also be responsible for keeping my area clean and tidy. As the senior crew member I'll also coordinate all the work in economy.
- FA

We have a gentleman in a wheelchair - he's been allocated seat number 22C. He'll board first, ahead of the other passengers. He has a carer with him but he's severely disabled, so can you please make sure they have everything they need? And don't forget they'll need an individual safety briefing. Just let me know if you have any problems.



UNIT 2, EXERCISE 18

- OK, it appears we'll meet some strong Purser headwinds an hour or so into the flight ... so there'll be moderate to severe turbulence around that time.
- Er ... I'm a bit concerned about the timing. That's FA the same time we start the meal service.
- Purser I know. We'll delay the meal until around 09.30. We should be clear of turbulence by then.
- I'm sorry, but I don't understand. If we delay the FA meal service until 09.30, how will we clear away ...?
- Purser We've got a service animal on board - a guide dog for a blind lady.
- Er ... did you say there's a dog on board? FA
- Yes. There's a guide dog coming on with one of Purser the passengers.
- FA Thanks. Sorry, I didn't hear what you said the first time. So, does that mean she'll be boarding
- Purser Yes, that's right. Can you help her to her seat and put her bag in the overhead bin? Make sure she has a full safety briefing and can use the PSU.
- 3
- Purser Captain says there's a delay to our departure ... it could be as much as a couple of hours. She's waiting for an update now.
- FA I'm sorry, I didn't catch that. Did you say there's a delay?
- 4
- Purser Apparently we have a cello in the cabin.
- Can you say that again, please? ... A what?
- A cello. You know a musical instrument it's Purser quite big.
- So why is it in the passenger cabin? FA
- Purser I think it's just too delicate to go in the hold. We've got a small orchestra on board, but it's the only instrument with its own seats!
- OK. How many seats has it got?
- Purser I don't know, but I'll find out. It'll be a row towards the back so we can keep an eye on it.



UNIT 3, EXERCISE 3

Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. Welcome aboard flight 204 to Auckland. We're looking forward to making this a smooth boarding and an on-time de parture. Please step out of the aisle as quickly as possible after placing your bags in the overhead lockers. Place all carry-on bags in the overhead lockers, and store smaller personal items under the seat in front of you. Cell phones and other electronic devices may be used while we're here at the gate. However, once the door has been closed, these items must be turned off and stowed. Thank you for choosing E-Z Air and welcome aboard!

UNIT 3, EXERCISE 4

CC = Cabin crew, Pax = Passenger

There's a big blue suitcase blocking the aisle at CC the front of the economy cabin. Would the owner of the big blue suitcase please raise their hand?

Pax Oh, sorry. It's mine.

Could you please put it in the overhead locker? CC

Sure. No problem. Pax

2

Pardon me, sir. Would you please turn off your CC MP3 player for take-off?

Pax Oh, OK. Sorry.

Thank you. CC

3

CC Excuse me. Whose handbag is this? Could I have your attention, please? I've got a little red handbag here!

Pax Oh, it's mine. Why?

Could you please put it under the seat in front of CC you? We need the space in the overhead locker for larger items.

Pax Yes, of course. Sorry.

UNIT 3, EXERCISE 15

1 CC

I'd like you to fasten your seat belt, please.

Pax

2

I wonder if you'd mind keeping your child's feet CC off the seat in front? It can be very difficult for other passengers.

Oh, sorry. Pax

3

CC Would it be possible for you to put that under the seat, please?

Pax Sure, no problem.

4

Do you think you could put your seat upright, CC please?

Pax Oh, yeah.

5

CC Would you mind putting your paper down, please? The people behind can't see the safety briefing. Thank you.

Pax OK.

6

I don't suppose you could turn your phone off, CC please?

Pax Do I have to?

CC Could you possibly put your tray up, please?

Pax Yes, sure. 8

CC Would you strap him in now, please?

Pax Oh, all right.

I'm sorry, but could you please put your foot rest CC

up, now?

Pax OK.

10

Would you please put your window shade up for CC

Pax Why should I? The sun's shining in my face!

UNIT 4, EXERCISE 1

We'll shortly begin our in-flight drinks service. We have a selection of complimentary hot and cold beverages including coffee, tea, and soft drinks. Beer, wine, and cocktails are available. Exact change is always appreciated. As the trolleys pass through the cabin, please keep the aisles clear.

UNIT 4, EXERCISE 6

Would you like anything to drink, sir? CC

Pax

Would you like orange juice or apple juice ...? CC

Pax Tomato.

OK. Would you care for ice? CC

No. No ice. Pax

CC Here you are, sir.

That's not enough. I want a full glass. Pax

CC Shall I leave the can with you?

Pax Yeah.

CC Here you are, sir. Enjoy your drink.

2

CC Can I offer you a drink, ma'am?

Have you got any green tea? Pax

Sorry, I'm afraid not. We have regular black tea. CC

Pax Oh, all right. That will be fine. Black tea, please.

Do you take milk or sugar? Or lemon? CC

Pax Yes, milk, please. No sugar. May I have a spoon, please?

CC Here you are.

Pax Thank you.

3

CC Would you like anything from the trolley?

Coffee? Tea? Soft drink?

Pax I'd like a lager, please.

OK, that's five pounds, please. CC

Sorry, I've only got a ten. Pax

No problem. I can change it. Here's five pounds CC ... and your beer. Enjoy!

Pax Oh, and can I have some more napkins?

Of course, sir. Here you are. CC

UNIT 4, EXERCISE 9

We're now ready to begin our meal service. Tonight we're happy to offer a choice of pasta with a beef and tomato sauce, or lemon chicken. If you've pre-ordered a special meal, those will be served first. As the trolleys pass through the cabin, please keep the aisles clear.

UNIT 4, EXERCISE 10

CC Did you order a vegetarian meal, sir?

Er ... maybe. I ordered kosher. Are they the Pax 1

CC Sorry, sir. I don't think so. I've got a vegetarian meal for seat 18A, and a kosher meal for seat 22A. I'm very sorry about this. If you'll just wait a moment ... Excuse me. Have you ordered either kosher or vegetarian?

Pax 2 Yes, I ordered vegetarian.

CC OK, great. Here you are.

Pax 2 Thanks very much.

Right, I got it sorted out. Here's your kosher CC meal, sir.

Oh, thanks. Pax 1



UNIT 4, EXERCISE 11

Would you like pasta with beef or lemon CC chicken?

Sorry, what's the pasta? Pax

It's little noodles - macaroni - served with a CC red sauce. The sauce is made from beef and tomatoes. The side dishes are a green salad and cooked peas and carrots. There's also a bread roll with some butter. It also comes with dessert - some cake. Chocolate cake.

Pax And what does the lemon chicken come with?

The lemon chicken comes with the same side CC dishes. The only difference between the two meals is the main course.

Pax OK. I'll try the lemon chicken, please.

CC Here you go.

Pax Thanks.



UNIT 4, EXERCISE 14

How much is the rose flower perfume? Pax

That's forty-nine euros, madam. CC

No, I mean in dollars. How much is it in dollars? Pax

CC That's sixty-nine dollars.

Can you give me change in dollars? Pax

CC I'm afraid I can only give you change in euros,

2

Can I see the titanium watch? Pax

Sure. Here you are. It's eighty-five euros.

Pax How much is that in ven?

Eleven thousand yen, madam. CC

3

Pax I'd like the MP3 player cord, but can I pay in zloty?

CC Yes, madam.

Pax What's twenty-one euros in zloty?

CC It's ninety zloty.

4

Can I pay for this pendant with my Visa card? Pax

CC

Pax Can you charge in Singapore dollars?

No problem. It'll be a hundred and twenty CC

Singapore dollars.

Pax Would you mind showing me the designer

Sure, no problem. That's seventy-nine euros.

CC Pax How much in dirhams?

CC Four hundred and twenty-five Dubai dirhams.



UNIT 4, EXERCISE 18

Pax Excuse me. I can see a lot of empty seats up in business class. Would it be possible for me to move up to business class?

CC I'm afraid not, sir.

Oh, why is that? Pax

CC Because the ticket you bought is for this class,

Pax It doesn't seem fair.

It might not seem fair to someone who's CC paid for a business seat for me to give you a free upgrade. We do our best to take care of everyone. Now, may I get you a drink, sir?

2

Pax Excuse me. I think there's a problem with this seat back.

CC Oh, dear. What's the problem?

Pax It's stuck. I pushed it back, but now it won't go

CC Let's have a look. Yes, I think you're right. It's stuck. Could I ask you to move to a different seat?

Pax No problem.

OK, we're going to have to put you in business CC

Pax Great. Thanks!

3

CC Excuse me, sir.

Pax Are you talking to me?

Yes, I am. Would you turn off your MP3 player, CC

please?

What's the problem? Pax

CC	We made an announcement. You need to turn it off because it may interfere with our navigation	CC1	It's OK, don't panic. I can help you. Tell the pilot we've got a woman on board who may be in
	equipment. We're preparing to land.	20	labour.
Pax	Sorry, but no. What does my MP3 player have to	CC2	OK. I'll tell him.
	do with your plane? Anyway, this is first class.	CC1	We're trained for this situation! Now, just stay
	You can't tell me what to do.		calm. Tell me – when's the baby due?
CC	I'm sorry, sir, but you have no choice. I'll have to	Pax 1	Ah! Ooh!
	ask you to turn it off now, or we'll arrange for the	CC1	OK. Let's make you a bit more comfortable. I
	police to meet you off the plane.		think you should try to lie down.
Pax	Ha, ha.		Sir, could I ask you to move to one of the seats
CC	That wasn't a joke, sir.		further down the plane? We're going to need a
Pax	Oh, all right.		bit of privacy here!
		2	9 0 6 709
UN	IT 5, EXERCISE 1	CC1	The guy in seat 27D looks awful. I think he's ill.
1		CC2	I'm not busy. I'll go. Excuse me. Are you all right? Can I help?
Pax	OUCH! OW, OW, OW!	Pax	Er, no I mean I don't know. I've got this awful
CC	I'll get the bag! Are you all right, sir?		pain.
Pax	I opened the locker, and that bag hit me on the	CC2	Where? Where's the pain? In your stomach?
	head!	Pax	Uh-huh.
CC	Oh, no! Here, sit down. Let's move the bag.	CC2	When did it start?
Pax	OK.	Pax	Um, a a few minutes ago.
CC	You need to put something on that cut. I'll get a	CC2	Er Is it indigestion? How about taking some
	plaster for you.		indigestion tablets?
2		Pax	Yeah, yeah. OK.
Pax	Er, excuse me.	CC2	I think you should try some, but tell us if it
CC	Yes, sir. Can I help?		doesn't improve
Pax	My nose. It's bleeding.	3	
CC	Here, take these tissues, that's it I suggest you sit upright and lean forward slightly. Don't	CC1	I think that guy's got a problem. Can you get the first aid kit while I check?
	put your head back.	CC2	Sure.
Pax	Thanks.	CC1	OK, sir. I can see your problem.
CC	No worries. If I were you, I'd put the sick bag on	Pax	Yes inhaler forgot it.
	your lap. Just let any blood run into it. I'll just get	CC1	OK. No, don't try to get up. Just sit there. Don't
	some more tissues, and some ice. Are you OK for		worry. We've got an inhaler in our medical kit.
	a minute?		We'll get it for you right away.
Pax	Uh-huh.	4	*
3		CC1	Oh, no! That lady's just collapsed. I'll go.
Pax 1	Mum! My ears hurt!!	CC2	OK. Tell me if you need any help.
Pax 2	I know, I know. Just try swallowing. That'll help.	CC1	What happened?
Pax 1	I can't. They hurt My ears hurt! Make it stop!		•••
CC	Shall I help?	CC1	Hello Hello Can you hear me?
Pax 2	Thanks.	Pax	Uh Where am I?
CC	How about sucking one of these sweets?	CC1	You just fainted. I'm here to help you. I'm Kate.
Pax 1	Uh?		What's your name?
CC	I think you should have one – it can really help to	Pax	Er Me? Er, Doris.
=	stop the pain.	CC1	OK, Doris. Just stay there for a minute. Don't try
Pax 1	Thanks.		to sit up.
CC	No problem.	Pax	Oh dear, I'm so sorry to be a problem.
		CC1	Don't worry. It's no problem. Just lie still for a
UNI	T 5. EXERCISE 10		moment.

CC1

Pax

CC1

Pax

faint, you said?

Any tablets?

Now, tell me, Doris. Has this happened before?

Er, yes ... no. I get dizzy, but I don't usually ... er,

That's right. Are you on any medication, Doris?

Oh, yes. In my bag. Let me sit up ...

UNIT 5, EXERCISE 10

1	
Pax 1	Oh! Oh!
CC1	I'll go and help. You stay close in case I need
	you.

Sure.

CC2

CC1	Be careful. Just sit up slowly OK? How do yo
	feel now?
Pax	I'm fine.
CC1	OK. Now let's look at these tablets. Is this you
	bag?
Pax	Mmm.
CC1	Right. You need to take one tablet every four
	hours. Have you taken any since we left the
	airport?
Pax	No.
CC1	Right. I think you should take one now and I'll
	get you another one before we land

UNIT 6, EXERCISE 1

If the cabin pressure falls, the oxygen masks will drop down. Reach up and pull a mask towards your face until the tubing is fully extended. Place the mask over your nose and mouth and breathe normally. The oxygen flow will start automatically. Pull the elastic over your head. Pull the elastic tab on either side of the mask to tighten the band. Remember to secure your own mask before helping others. Use your mask until further advised. Absolutely no smoking!



UNIT 6, EXERCISE 5

Ladies and gentlemen, we're experiencing a drop in cabin air pressure. When your oxygen masks drop down, please use them while we descend to a lower altitude. Keep your masks on until we tell you to take them off ... Once we get down to 10,000 feet, we'll make another announcement ... We've levelled off at 10,000 feet. We're going to divert to Minsk. You may take off your oxygen masks now. There really is nothing to worry about but please feel free to ask the cabin crew if you need any assistance before we get to Minsk. After landing we'll make alternative arrangements for you to reach your destination.



Pax

FA

UNIT 6, EXERCISE 7

1 Pax Are we going to crash? FA Of course not. We'll be on the ground before you know it. 2 I feel fine. Why do I need oxygen? Pax FA Because the air pressure in the cabin is too low. 3 What's happening? Pax We're descending to a lower altitude. FA

When can we have something to eat?

After we arrive in Minsk.

Pax Why are we diverting? So we can land quickly. FA 6 Pax I'm really scared. FA There's nothing to worry about. Everything's Why aren't we going on to Almaty? Pax Because it's too far away. FA 8 Why do we need to land? Pax



FA

UNIT 6, EXERCISE 12

In order to fix the problem.

Keep your mask on!

Stay calm!

Stay in your seat!

Keep your seat belt fastened!

Don't unfasten your seat belt!

6 Sit down!

Breathe normally.

Put your own mask on first.

Hold on!

10 Don't get up.



FA

UNIT 6, EXERCISE 18

sign. Could you go back to your seat, please? Yeah, I know. I'm fine. Pax Sir, you must return to your seat now. We're FA expecting turbulence. Pax Don't worry. It'll be fine. Sir, I'm sorry but I cannot allow you to stand. It FA could get really rough. Everyone must return to their seats and strap in.

Sir, the Captain has switched on the seat belt

Look. I'm fine. I work on ships at sea - in really Pax big waves ... you know? Don't worry. I won't fall

Sir, I doubt if your ship drops hundreds of feet FA without any warning. Now, sit down!

UNIT 6. EXERCISE 20

FA Excuse me madam, but the Captain's switched the, fasten seat belt, sign on.

Yeah, I know. I'm strapped in. Pax

Your son must be strapped in, too. FA

I can hold him on my lap. Pax

I'm sorry, madam. He's not secure. You must FA use the extension belt. Here, let me help you.

Oh, for goodness sake! He'll scream the place Pax down, you know.

Madam, we're expecting severe turbulence very FA soon. Strap him in now. It's for his own safety.

All right, all right. I am ... Look. Pax

Thank you. FA



UNIT 6, EXERCISE 21

Excuse me, sir ... Sir, could you remove your FA headphones please?

Pax Huh?

Sir, are you listening to the cockpit FA transmissions?

What if I am? Pax

I'm sorry, but that's not allowed. You can't use FA this equipment on board the aircraft. Can you switch it off, please?

OK, OK. What's the problem? There - it's off Pax now. Happy?

Thank you, sir. Please make sure it stays off for FA the rest of the flight.

Pax Huh.

FA Sir, your radio is on again.

So? Pax

Sir, you must switch it off and stop using it. VHF FA radios can't be used on the aircraft. I suggest you put the headphones down and pass me the microphone.

And if I don't? Pax

Sir, this incident has been reported to the flight FA deck. I strongly advise you to give me the radio. If you do not cooperate, this will be a matter for the authorities.

Pax You can't do that.

Sir, I assure you I can. Now, please give me the FA radio. The Captain will keep it on the flight deck for the rest of the flight.

OK, OK. You haven't heard the last of this. I'll ... Pax



UNIT 7, EXERCISE 1

Welcome to Tblisi, ladies and gentlemen. The local time is 10.20. Please remain seated until the Captain has parked the aircraft at the gate. Once the seat belt sign is switched off, please be careful when opening the overhead lockers as items in them may have moved during the flight.

We would like to thank you for flying Air CIS and would be happy to welcome you on board again in the future. Please ensure that you take all your belongings with you and have a safe onward journey ...

Ladies and gentlemen, we are preparing to land in Asmara. Please make sure your seat belt is fastened, your seat backs and tray tables are in their upright positions, and all electronic devices are turned off. Please give any remaining cups or glasses to us as we walk through the aisles. Thank you. We'll be landing shortly.

Ladies and gentlemen, we will be handing out the necessary documents needed for your entry into Georgia. Please have your completed documents and passport available for officials on disembarkation. Today's date is the third of September and this is flight number 750.

е

Ladies and gentlemen, we are making our approach into Khartoum. Please put any bags or other items in the overhead lockers or under your seat. We will come through the cabin to pick up any rubbish. Please look around your seat area, on the floor, and especially in your seat pocket for anything you want to throw away.



UNIT 7, EXERCISE 5

Hello again, ladies and gentlemen. We apologise for the delay. We'll be arriving in Sofia shortly. For those of you with onward flights, your gate number for your next flight is on your boarding card ...

Ladies and gentlemen, we are holding over Santa Cruz. We will receive our landing clearance in approximately ten minutes. Please remain seated with your seat belts fastened. Please also ensure that electronic devices are switched off. We will keep you informed of any changes to this plan.

Ladies and gentlemen, may I have your attention please? Paramedics will board the aircraft to assist one of our passengers in need of medical attention. Please remain seated so the paramedics can get through the aisle. We will let you know when you can get up and leave the aircraft. Thank you for your cooperation and patience.

Ladies and gentlemen, in accordance with pre-arrival requirements of the government of India, we will be lightly spraying the cabin with an insecticide approved for use onboard aircraft by the World Health Organization. This is a requirement of all airlines operating into India. Thank you.

Ladies and gentlemen, due to strong headwinds we will be stopping to refuel in Kuala Lumpur. Please remain on board the aircraft. Our estimated time of departure is 0740 hours. Can we remind you that electronic devices may not be used whilst refuelling, so please ensure they are switched off. We will tell you when it is safe to use them again. Thank you for your patience.

6

Ladies and gentlemen, we will be delayed for approximately fifteen minutes waiting for a gate. For your safety and the safety of those around you, please keep your seat belts fastened and remain seated. We are working on a solution to the problem. We will keep you updated every five minutes. Thank you for your patience.

UNIT 7, EXERCISE 15

R = Receptionist

1

- Welcome to the Metropole Hotel. It's Air Atlantica, isn't it?
- FA₁ Yes, that's right.
- OK, let me just find your booking. How many nights are you staying?
- Just two. Tonight and tomorrow. FA2
- Ah, yes. Here it is ... the twenty-third and the twenty-fourth. Right, you'll need to complete these forms, please.
- Excuse me. What time's breakfast? FA2
- It's from seven to nine-thirty. It's served in the dining room, just next to reception.
- FA₁ Can you tell me ... do we get a discount in the hotel shop?
- Yes, you do. 10%. Your airline has a loyalty card R - it's in the wallet I gave you with your key card. And you can use the card in any of the shops or the restaurants here at the hotel.

2

- Yes, can I help? R
- FA Yes, please. Is there somewhere I can change some money?
- Yes, of course. There's a cash machine in the R hotel lobby if you just want cash.
- No. I've got money, but I want local currency. FA
- You need the bank, then. It's closed now but it's just outside.
- FA When does it open?
- At nine thirty.
- FA How long will it take to walk there?
- About a minute! It's almost directly opposite the R hotel entrance.

3

- Reception. R
- FA Hi, I'm calling from room 4208, I've got a problem with the ... it's the thing to make the room cooler.

- R The air-conditioning?
- Right. Well, it's blowing out hot air! FA
- R Oh, I'm very sorry about that. We'll send someone up right away.

UNIT 8, EXERCISE 1

I = Interviewer, A = Applicant

1

29

I'd like to thank you all for coming to the E-Z Air interview day. We're really pleased that each of you is interested in working for our airline. We're very happy to have the opportunity to meet every one of you, even though only about half of you will be offered a placement with the airline. For those who aren't offered a placement, we hope the day will have been a useful step towards finding the right job.

2 1

- OK, next. Hi, there.
- Hi. A
- OK, let's see, what have we got? Passport, GCSEs. Have you got your national insurance number?
- A Yes, here it is. And do you need my driving licence?
- No, thanks.

3

Next, please. Step over here onto the scales, please. OK, let's see ... seventy kilograms ... and one point eight metres. OK, you're fine. Next, please.

books. Please keep your eyes on your own paper. OK, has everyone got a paper? Start working now, please.

- OK, if no one has any questions, then please
- OK, so we've got twenty minutes to come up A1 with some ideas.
- We need someone to write the ideas down. A2
- OK, I'll do that. A3
- Good. So, the situation is that the plane is A1 delayed three hours.
- Right. And we need to use the things on the list A2 to entertain the passengers.
- OK, well, how about if we make a game with the A1 cups?
- A3 A game?
- A2 We could do something with the golf club ...

OK, you have twenty minutes to write your answers. You mustn't use a calculator or any

- I ordered a vegetarian meal.
- I'm afraid there's been some kind of A misunderstanding. We don't have any vegetarian meals left.
- Right, so £300 for a flight, and I don't eat?
- I'm sorry, sir. The only part of the pasta meal that isn't vegetarian is the chicken, and I'm happy to give you two of those.
- Oh, so £300 for a ticket and I get two meals, eh?
- Well, sir, this time, it's something like that. A We're doing our very best to work with you on this. Um ... I'd be happy to give you a bottle of wine with that, just to say we're sorry.
- OK, great. That wasn't easy, but you did really well.

- Tell us about a time that you've had a disagreement with a manager. What happened?
- That's a tough one! Well, when I was working in a restaurant - I was a waiter - I had an idea about improving our menu. In the afternoons, a lot of families were coming in - families with small kids. We had a kids' menu, but it was only burgers and chips or fish and chips. Parents were always asking if they could order some fruit, or a small-sized milk in a plastic cup, or whatever. I always had to explain that we didn't have those things. Sometimes I would help them find something to order that they could share with their kids, but it always was kind of a pain. So, I mentioned to my manager that maybe we should improve the kids' menu, and he didn't like that idea at all.
- Why not?
- Well, he had an idea that the restaurant was A somehow supposed to be 'cool', you know, like for young, single people. Not a place to come with kids, I guess.
- I see, I see. So what happened?
- Well, a couple of months later, that guy left and A when the new manager came, one of the first things she did was to improve the kids' menu!

I always wanted to travel. Even when I travel inside my own country, it's interesting to me. And you know what I really love? If I have to stay overnight, I always stay in a nice hotel. After a hard day's work - or a hard night's work - it's always such a luxury to go to bed in a lovely hotel room. I'll probably never get used to having to be polite to really rude people, but you know, it doesn't happen very often, and I always know I'll probably never see them again after the flight is over. And I basically like people, so the friendly ones make the job a lot of fun.

The best thing about the job is the teamwork. When I walk through the airport in my uniform, with my team, it just feels great. Everyone wants to be there, and even if we're working together for the first time, we all know what we need to do. We're proud of our work. And if I stay in the job, I'll become a team leader - maybe a purser or cabin services director. I do sometimes worry about staying safe - you know, that I'll have to deal with someone or something very, very bad on a flight - but one reason I got this job is that I'm confident and positive and enthusiastic, so I don't spend much time worrying.

If I hadn't become a flight attendant, I'd probably have studied nursing. I really enjoy taking care of people. On a flight, there are always nervous flyers, parents who need help with young kids, and so on. The work can be quite hard physically, though. Every time I fly, I help people lift heavy bags up into the overhead lockers. And of course I'm on my feet for hours. Still, it's completely worth it. I love what I do.

UNIT 8, EXERCISE 16

For me, the best thing about it is that it isn't a nine-tofive job. I worked in an office for a couple of years, and I learned something about myself: I don't like a regular routine. Now, I might be flying on Saturday night, but relaxing by the pool on Monday morning. Of course, the schedule is sometimes challenging. I'll probably never get used to the phone ringing at four a.m. telling me I have to be at the airport at six. If I'm ten minutes late for my check-in, I could lose my job. But if I worked in an office, I'd go crazy!

Useful phrases

TALKING ABOUT JOBS

Flight attendants must look after passengers. The job of senior crew member involves going on international flights.

The purser's responsibilities include making announcements.

The cabin service director is responsible for the whole cabin.

TALKING ABOUT PEOPLE AND PLACES

This is the place where you open your luggage. He/She's responsible for the entire aircraft. This is a person who is responsible for helping the pilot. It's where you go to collect your luggage. It's who you speak to when you need information about ramp services.

It's used for crew meetings.

TALKING ABOUT PROBLEMS

Saying what's wrong

I'm sorry, (but) I don't understand.

I'm confused.

I'm concerned.

I didn't catch that.

I didn't hear.

I'm not sure/certain.

Asking for clarification

Could you repeat that?

Did you say ...?

What do you mean?

Do you/Does that mean ...?

Can you tell me/say/go through that again, please?

Saying you don't know

I don't know.

INTRODUCTIONS

Formal introductions

A: Hello, I'm Ahmed Fawaz.

B: Pleased to meet you, Mr Fawaz.

My name's Penny Leung.

A: How do you do?

B: How do you do?

Informal introductions

A: Hi, I'm Lena Petrov.

B: Good to meet you, Lena. I'm Maria Chavez.

A: Nice to meet you too, Maria.

REQUESTS AND RESPONSES

Asking politely

Is it OK/all right if ...?

Would you mind helping me with ...?

Do you mind if I ...?

I wonder if you'd mind helping me ...?

Would it be possible to ...?

Could you possibly ...?

Do you think you could ...?

I don't suppose you could/would ...?

Could/Would you ..., please?

Asking politely but firmly

Could you ...?

Can you ..., please?

I'd like you to ...

I want you to ..., please.

Please turn it off now.

Asking directly or instructing

Turn it off, please.

Put it in the ...

Stop ...

Don't ...

Will you ...?

Sit down!

Please move ...

Polite response (positive)

Yes.

Of course.

Sure.

Certainly.

No problem.

Polite response (not sure)

I'm not sure. Can you wait while I find out? I'm sorry. I don't know.

Polite response (negative)

I'm afraid I haven't/can't at the moment. I'm sorry, but that's not possible. I'm sorry, I can't do that.

Apologizing

Sorry, sir/madam. I don't think so. I'm very sorry about this.

Passenger		Cabin crew
		Politely denying the request and explaining why, or offering a course of action.
polite rude air rage	Would it be possible for me to move up to business class?	I'm afraid not. I'm not allowed to do that.
	Can I change seats?	Sorry, no. We need you to stay where you are.
	I need a drink of water.	I can do that just as soon as we've reached cruising altitude.
	Get me a vegetarian meal right now!	I'm sorry, madam. I'm afraid we don't have one on board. I'd be happy to try to work something out, though.
	I'm going to hurt somebody!	Sit down now, sir. I need help! / Can someone help me, please?

Most of the expressions use the same verb form.			
Can I	+ infinitive without to		
ShallI	help?		
l'll Let's I suggest you If I were you, I'd I think you should	move.		
Two of the expressions use a different verb	o form.		
How about	+ -ing moving?		
You need	+ infinitive with <i>to</i> to move.		

SPECIAL DIETS

Medical diets

bland (non-spicy) diabetic

gluten-free

low fat/cholesterol

low salt

high fibre

low-calorie

non-lactose

peanut free

Cultural diets

Chinese, Indian, Japanese, etc.

Religious diets

Buddhist and Jain

Halal

Hindu

Kosher

Other special meals

children's

infant and baby

vegan

vegetarian

Describing food

It's little noodles.

It's served with a red sauce.

The side dishes are a green salad, and cooked peas and

The sauce is made from beef and tomatoes.

There's also a bread roll with some butter.

It's a type of fish.

It's a kind of vegetable.

It's roasted/fried/boiled/grilled.

It's cooked with (vegetables).

It's served hot/cold.

IN-FLIGHT SHOPPING

Offering

Would you/anyone like to buy any duty-free items?

Passenger requests

Can I see the titanium watch? Would you mind showing me the designer purse? Could I take a look at the pendant?

Showing

Here you are, sir/madam.

Passenger questions about prices

How much is that in US dollars? What's twenty-one euros in zloty? Can you give me change in dollars?

Saying prices

It's forty-nine euros (€49), so that's seventy-two US dollars (\$72).

It's eleven thousand yen (¥11,000). It comes to ninety zloty (ZL90). It costs eighty-two Singapore dollars (S\$82). The price is four hundred and twenty-five dirhams (Dh425).

Talking about change

I'm afraid I can only give you change in euros. I can give you change in dollars or pounds. Sorry, I can't give you change.

SAFETY

Giving information/advice

Pull the mask towards your face. We're diverting to City airport. We'll contact Air Traffic Control.

Giving a reason

because the air pressure is too low. because of a drop in pressure. so we can land. (in order) to fix the problem. due to a loss of pressure.

Reassuring the passenger

There's (really) nothing to worry/be concerned about. (I can assure you) it's normal/fine/OK. It's/You're perfectly/quite/completely safe. It's all under control. You can breathe normally.

Asking for cooperation

Could you ... ? Can you switch it off, please? Please put/pass/give me the ... Please make sure ...

Advice

I (strongly) advise you to ... I suggest you ...

Explaining rules and regulations

That's/It's not allowed. It can't be used ... You can't use ... You must switch it off/stop using ...

Warning

If you do not cooperate, this will ... Sir, this incident has been reported to ...

EXPLAINING PROBLEMS

Something is missing

It is/They/are missing There aren't any/enough ... I/We can't find the ...

There's a problem

It is/They/are broken/damaged. The ... has broken. There's something wrong with ...

Something is out of action

It is/They/aren't working. It/They won't work. We can't use ...

TALKING ABOUT CAUSE AND EFFECT AND POSSIBILITIES

Zero conditional (rule or fact)

If I'm on call, I have to answer the phone.

First conditional (possible future event)

If I do well in the interview, I'll get the job.

Second conditional (imaginary situation)

If I worked for a big airline, I'd travel internationally.

Third conditional (past condition that didn't happen)

If I hadn't worked in a fast food restaurant, I wouldn't have had any customer service experience.

BRITISH ENGLISH

AMERICAN ENGLISH

apron bag

ramp purse

economy class hand luggage

coach class carry-on baggage

jetty life jacket mobile phone overhead locker air bridge life vest cell phone overhead bin backpack

flashlight

rucksack torch

ICAO ALPHABET

A Alpha В Bravo

C Charlie D Delta

E Echo F Foxtrot G Golf

Н Hotel India 1 Juliett K Kilo Lima L M Mike N November

0 Oscar P Papa Q Quebec R Romeo S Sierra Τ Tango

U Uniform ٧ Victor W Whiskey

Χ X-ray Υ Yankee Z Zulu

English for Cabin Crew

EXPRESS SERIES

English for Cabin Crew is part of the EXPRESS SERIES. It is the ideal quick course for flight attendants who need to use English on the ground or in the air. It's also suitable for students who are interested in a career in cabin service and are preparing for an entry test or interview with an airline. It can be used to supplement a regular coursebook, on its own as a stand-alone intensive specialist course, or for self-study. With **English for Cabin Crew** the sky's the limit.

Key Features of the Book

- Units cover in-flight service, from greeting passengers and boarding, to landing and layover and include a unit on the recruitment process
- Tip boxes addressing key language points
- Tip boxes highlighting differences between British and American English
- PARTNER FILES to practise typical scenarios, such as meal service, dealing with difficult passengers, and responding to complaints
- STARTER section at the beginning of each unit with warm-up and awareness-raising activities
- OUTPUT section at the end of each unit with activities to encourage discussion and reflection
- Appendix including answer key, transcripts, and a glossary of useful phrases

Key Features of the MultiROM

- Realistic listening extracts for use with the student's book
- Interactive exercises with audio to practise structure, vocabulary, and listening

For teacher's notes and practice tests, visit www.oup.com/elt/express



OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS





